The Constitution.

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WEATHER REPORT, JULY 19, 1876.

Reported by P. H. Mell, Jr., Chemist and Meteorologist, Dept. Agriculture.

HEIGHT OF BAROMETER.

8 A.M.	3 P.M.	8 P.M.	
29.932	29.891	29.901	Average height for day 29.908

TEMPERATURE.

Temperature of air in shade.

8 A.M	3 P.M.	8 P.M.	
85°	92°	88°	Mean temp'ture for day 88.3°

Maximum heat of the sun's direct rays was 154° which occurred at 3 P.M.

MOISTURE.

Evaporation during the last 24 hours .30 of an inch.

Per cent. of moisture in the air:

8 A.M	3 P.M.	8 P.M.	
79	65	61	Average for the day 71.6

WIND

blew during the day: at 8 A.M.; from the north east, and at 3 P.M. and 8 P.M. from the east, at the rate of 2.6 miles per hour, which is equal to a pressure of one-half ounce per square foot of surface.

Hazy throughout the day.

Radiation from the earth during night of 18th: 69°

Maximum temperature for the night of the 18th: 91°

Minimum temperature for the night of the 17th: 78°

Probabilities: For the South Atlantic and Gulf States, partly cloudy weather will continue with local thunder storms, light winds, mostly from the east and south, stationary or slight rise in barometer.

During the summer months THE CONSTITUTION *will be sent to subscribers in the country and at the springs at the rate of $1 00 per month free of postage.*

TALK about reform within the party when Polker Bob Schenck is a candidate for congress from one Ohio district, and a member of the everlasting Delano family from another! It is too tl in.

THE editor of the Athens Watchman states that he has also received a letter from Mr. Hill, in which he says he will be a candidate for renomination as representative from the ninth district, and that he will shortly be at home when he will address his constituents face to face.

THE depths of meanness were touched when George F. Edmunds, United States senator from Vermont, arose in his seat and objected to the payment of a small and honest debt to the aged widow of James K Polk, upon a suggestion of "disloyalty." The action of the house in promptly voting pensions to the bereaved re'atives of the heroic Custer made Edmunds' course seem even more contemptible and sectional.

THE biography of Samuel J. Tilden, announced by Messrs D. Appleton & Co., is from the pen of Mr. Theodore P. Cook, editor of the Utica, New York Observer. Mr. Cook enjoyed unusual facilities for the execution of his task, and he is well known as the master of a vigorous and fluent style. It will be a book of considerable historical and political value.

THE column of gubernatorial delegates published by us yesterday cannot, of course, be taken as perfectly accurate, for many of the delegates are not instructed, and it cannot be positively known how they will all vote on the first ballot. We have no doubt that Mr. James has some of them. But we cannot see how a small difference in this particular will affect this result. Gen. Colquitt is clearly nominated by the people.

MAYOR WOODRUFF, of Selma, Ala., who has been selected as a compromise radical candidate for governor of that state, is a prominent citizen of Selma, and a man of high character. He was elected mayor as an independent candidate against Col. B. M. Woolsey, one of the most popular democrats in Selma. Still, he stands no chance of an election as governor, even with the assistance of independent democratic votes.

JUDGE BALLARD, of the United States court at Louisville, has directed that hereafter no United States commissioner within the jurisdiction of his court, shall issue warrants of arrest without first consulting the United States district attorney, except in cases of emergency where there is a manifest danger that the accused may escape from the district unless he is promptly arrested, but the commissioner is then required to immediately report to the district attorney.

THE senate discussed on Monday the general principles of the river and harbor bill, the pending question being an amendment to recommit the bill to the committee on appropriations with instructions to report a bill reducing the aggregate amount of the appropriations to a sum not exceeding four million dollars. Messrs. Thurman, Edmunds, Kernan and Conkling support the proposition, while Messrs. Morton and Ferry opposed it. No action was reached before adjournment, and the subject was not taken up on Tuesday.

BETWEEN the Venzuelan business of their candidate for governor, and the removal of Mr. Pratt, late commissioner of internal revenue, the radicals of Indiana are sadly disturbed. They are in fact demoralized and disheartened. Some are mad. The cautious Indianapolis Journal says the president has listened to bad advice from some of his chosen friends, who are "shortsighted, selfish, unscrupulous and dishonest." This must include Morton, Conkling, Boss Shepherd, Zach Chandler and other pillars of the party whom the president habitually consults.

THE suit recently brought against the Equitable life insurance company is to restrain it from speculating in real estate, and thus introducing a dangerous feature in insurance matters. Instead of loaning its money, secured by real estate, it has recently expended five million dollars in erecting buildings for rent. Such an investment of the funds due to the insured is clearly wrong, for even real estate is subject to sad fluctuations, especially in New York city; and public sentiment, if not the courts, will compel the Equitable to fall back on old methods.

SPECIAL SPLINTERS.

NEWS FROM A COUPLE OF COUNTY MEETINGS.

"And Still the Colquitt Column Climbs."

COWETA COMES TO TIME.

Special to the Constitution.

NEWNAN, July 19, 1876.

The delegates from this county were appointed by county districts—two delegates for each district. They go to the convention instructed to vote for Gen. A. H. Colquitt.

R.

"GLORY ENOUGH FOR GLASSCOCK"

Special to the Constitution.

WARRENTON, July 19th., 10: 21 a. m.

The meeting was held in Glasscock county yesterday to send delegates to the convention on the second of next month. The result was not unexpected, for the people spoke and their delegates will cast the vote of the county for Gen. Colquitt. Glory enough for Glasscock!

H.

A RADICAL RASCAL.

CAPTURE OF A DEFAULTING SOUTH CAROLINA OFFICIAL.

Particulars of Prather's Pursuit and Pick-up of the Late Treasurer of Edgefield County.

Yesterday Lieut. A. M. Prather of the Augusta police force and one of the most skillful and successful detectives in the south, was registered at the Kimball House. He had with him a companion who proved to be a recalcitrant radical official from that politically cursed, but proud old commonwealth, the state of South Carolina. This man was

JOHN H. MCDEVITT,

late treasurer of Edgefield county, in that state. McDevitt is a young man, about 35 years of age, florid complexion, black hair, smooth face with the exception of a slight moustache and gotee, has a pleasant countenance, stands about 5 feet 10 inches in height, and weighs in the neighborhood of 160 pounds. He is agreeable in manners and quite intelligent. He is the son of an old and respectable citizen of Augusta, formerly of South Carolina. This young man was born in Edgefield county and report says was educated through the liberality of some of its wealthy citizens, who thought he possessed the elements of true manhood and could be made a useful and honorable citizen. He served as a lieutenant in Co. B. of the 19th South Carolina regiment, in the confederate army, going from Graniteville, and is said to have made a brave and efficient officer.

HIS POST-BELLUM CAREER

has not been of so favorable character. He allied himself with the radical-negro party which was put in control, through the agency of the bayonet, of the public affairs of South Carolina. In this unnatural alliance he experienced the terrible and galling retribution which swiftly befals all renegades. He found himself isolated from his old friends and patrons; his late companions in arms regarded him with scorn and all who claimed decency and respectability treated him with that loathing and contempt which burns deeper and hotter than fire. His manhood felt the galling disgrace and he found no other course open to him except that of a deeper descent into the embrace of his bad company.

He became one of the wiliest and bitterest of the scalawags in South Carolina and became a viper in the bosom of the people who had made him all that he had ever been of worth and respectability. He made the most of his evil position and rode into office upon the radical tide of usurpation and corruption. He was sheriff of Edgefield county, and then by appointment of the infamous governor he became the incumbent of the important and lucrative office of treasurer of the county. To this office we believe he was a second time appointed by Chamberlain,

"HE FOLDETH HIS TENT,"

but slightly improved upon the traditional Arab, for he "stolen away" a goodly sum of money previously. On the 16th day of May last he was missing and the county of Edgefield was not only minus a treasurer, but of her treasure as well. An examination of the office showed that McDevitt was a defaulter to a large amount, not less than

THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.

Lt. Prather took the case in hand and followed the tracks of the fugitive through Florida and to New Orleans and thence on to Montgomery, which latter place he reached but several weeks ago. There he disappeared, and it was not until last week that Lt. Prather again got track of his man. He was discovered to be rusticating in the little village of Tallasee, over in Eastern Alabama. On Saturday night Lt. Prather left Augusta, and on Tuesday he was alongside of ex-Treasurer McDevitt, esq.

THE ARREST

was effected by two other parties, at Lt Prather's instance, he holding requisitions upon the governor for the criminal. McDevitt took his arrest coolly and said he was perfectly willing to return to South Carolina, although he would not have done so just yet of his own accord.

HIS STORY

is that he went away because he did not like the idea of being jailed, which he feared would happen when his "short" was discovered. He claims to be able to settle the amount at an early day and that he went to Tallassee to be away from annoyance and gain time in which to fix up his papers in shape for a settlement. He is supposed to have speculated in the county warrants upon county funds, and says he has in South Carolina, where they can be reached, as much as $30,000 of these warrants. He thinks it is well enough that he is going back, and thinks he will be able to make everything all right again.

He was at the hotel in Tallassee, living under his own proper name. He has a wife and child at Edgefield court house.

Too much praise cannot be given to Lt. Prather for this capture. He left with his prisoner for South Carolina last night

Gen. L. J. Gartrell.

The Gwinnett Herald says:

Gen. L. J. Gartrell is suggested as a candidate for congress from the Atlanta district. He gracefully declined to go into a scramble for the gubernatorial nomination, although he had a strong following but we hope he will not decline congressional honors. A better nomination cannot be made. With his eminent ability and experience, he would be an honor to his state in the national councils"

It is proper to say that under no circumstances will Gen Gartrell permit the use of his name for congress from this district. We think we know this fact positively. The suggestions as to Gen. Gartrell's employment in the service of his people came from them in the shape of a desire that he shall be one of the state electors upon the Tilden ticket.

'RAH FOR OLE VIRGINNY.

Immense Tilden and Hendricks Meeting in Richmond—Fireworks, Cannon and Speeches.

Telegram to the Constitution.

RICHMOND, July 19.—The presidential campaign was opened to-night by the conservatives of Richmond by a grand mass ratification meeting endorsing Tilden and Hendricks and reform. It is the greatest outpouring of the people and the most imposing political demonstration witnessed in this city since the war. The meeting is being held in the open air, as there is no place in Richmond large enough to accommodate a fraction of the immense concourse present, which is estimated at over ten thousand. The proceedings were inaugurated by a torchlight procession of the numerous conservative organizations of the city. Cannon firing and fireworks were also embraced in the programme. The greatest enthusiasm prevails. Judge John A. Meredith, chairman of the committee on resolutions at St. Louis, presided. Congressman W. A. J. Parks, of Illinois, G. C. Walker, of Virginia, Hon. A. A. Reilly, ex-mayor of Richmond, and Capt. G. D. Wise were the principal speakers.

Rather Too Thin for Him.

BOSTON, July 19.—Julius L. Clarke declines the prohibition nomination for state auditor.

THE OLD HEMISPHERE.

THE LONDON "THUNDERER" UPON THE TURKISH QUESTION.

Progress of the Eastern War.—Acquittal of an English Captain—A Big Failure in Liverpool.—Protest Against Reduced Wages.

LONDON, July 19.—The Times in a leading editorial on the Servo-Turkish conflict says the student of the war continues his enquiries amid systematic fabrications of victory. Nothing is necessary to military success but telegraphic apparatus, some knowledge of ocation and a ready imagination. The most disturbing circumstance in the present case is that both parties have a line of telegraph, and consequently all that comes to us from Belgrade is contradicted from Constantinople, and consequently, when two opposing statements appear on the same day in the same column, the most trusting reader cannot escape from a sensation of disappointment, irritation and indifference. We may therefore confine ourselves to indicating the main results of the campaign as they appear at the present moment, and the position which neighboring cities have assumed or are likely to assume in consequence. It is certain that the original plan of the Servian invasion has been deserted, and though they have fought with the greatest bravery they can make no real impression on the main body of the Turks. Granting what the Servians claim, that Gen. Tchernayoff has suffered no defeat, that he is still in advance and has taken measures to renew his communications, we still believe that he will fight for security of the Servian frontier. He has but a small army, and thinks probably he can even now outnumber him. Taking into consideration the numerical superiority of the Turks, and the difficulty of moving in such a country, and also the defectiveness of General Tchernayoff's equipment, we must conclude that the war will continue to fringe the Servian frontier. The strongest feature of the campaign is the movement of the prince of Montenegro. He has a force estimated at thirty thousand, largely composed of volunteers from other districts. He boasts of his great successes; that he has beaten the Turks, or they have retreated before him; that his men would have made the port of Klick useless to the Turks even if the Austrians had not closed it. He has entered Nevinsje and threatens Mostar, but he is not co-operating with Servians, unless there be something very profound in the plan of the campaign. The notion that the Montenegrins do not count upon the success of their allies, and therefore go for what they can get for themselves, begins to prevail. A short time will show the truth of this. In the meantime, Greece remains entirely peaceful, and Roumania balances her demands on the porte by earnest declarations of neutrality, and will probably keep quiet as long as she can.

Our Seamen Abroad

LISBON, July 18.—The United States steamer Marion is here, with all the crew well.

Acquittal of Capt. Stoddard.

LONDON, July 18.—Capt. Stoddard, late master of the British bark Skerryvore who was arrested at Plymouth, May 21st, on a charge of attempting to scuttle his vessel on a voyage from Melbourne to New York, and who, after a prolonged examination was committed for trial, was acquitted at Devon assizes yesterday, the jury saying that although the circumstantial evidence was undoubtedly strong, they were not satisfied about his guilt.

The Turko-Servian War.

LONDON, July 19.—Servia has sent her last reserves, 14,000, to the front. 4,000 Egyptians and 5,000 Softas left Sclavonica for the front.

Roumania has mobilized 20,000 men.

The Montenegrin march on Mostar is uninterrupted. The Turks intend meeting them in the field, as Mostar is indefensible.

Ragusa dispatches from Sclavonic sources announce that the Turks have abandoned Nevesinji without fighting.

The insurgents have invested Gatschko.

BELGRADE, July 19.—Official—The Servians drew one wing of Osman Pacha's army out of their entrenchments, which the Turks retook, after receiving considerable reinforcements.

The Liverpool Failure.

LIVERPOOL, July 19.—Peters Bros., corn merchants, have suspended. Their liabilities are supposed to be considerable.

LATER—Peters Bros.' liabilities are estimated at from a half three quarters of a million.

Collapse in Havana

HAVANA, July 18.—Fornas Bentz & Co., general commission merchants and dealers in provisions failed. Liabilities half million.

Cable Laconics

LONDON, July 19.—The recent earthquake affected the Danube from Passon, in Bavaria, to Presburg, in Hungary.

The stock exchange will be closed on Saturday for repairs.

A deputation waited upon a large meeting of cotton spinners at Manchester and persuaded them to put off the proposed reduction of wages for one month.

CRIMES, VIA CINCINNATI.

What Jealousy Drives Men To—Two or Three Women in the Case

Telegram to the Constitution.

CINCINNATI, July 19.—Near Vanceburg, Kentucky, Washington Lee killed Robert Ellis on account of the alleged intimacy of Ellis and his (Lee's) wife. Last night a mob hanged Lee.

Alonzo Anderson, colored, shot his wife last night in a fit of jealous rage. His mother-in-law interfering she was shot in the abdomen and will probably die.

LONG BRANCH NOTES

Tilden Secures Rooms for August—Pullman Cottage Robbed

Telegram to The Constitution.

LONG BRANCH, July 19.—Gov. Tilden has secured a suite of rooms here for August.

Mr. Geo. M. Pullman's cottage was robbed of $2[illegible]0 worth of diamonds and jewelry last night.

Interesting (?)

Telegram to the Constitution.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 19.—The board of marine surveyors have decided that the Pacific mail steamship "City of Tokio" must receive the same repairs as the "City of Peking," when her rate will be restored.

EMORY COLLEGE.

Commencement Exercises.

OXFORD, July 18th, 1876.

Yesterday was sophomore day.

The church was handsomely decorated, and the crowd in attendance gratifying.

The following is

THE PROGRAMME.

J. J. Ansley, Ph., Griffin, Ga.—"Liberty and Revolutions."—The Milford Bard.

J. B. Johnston, Ph., Griffin, Ga.—"Davis and Lee."—B. H. Hill.

R. I. Munroe, F., Quincy, Fla.—"Amnesty."—B. H. Hill.

W. L. Nelms, F., Decatur, Ga.—"Flogging in the Navy."—Stockton.

Taney D. Oliver, F., Alexander, Ga.—"Regulus to the Carthagenians."—Kellogg.

H. W. Smith, F., Oxford, Ga.—"Viriathus to the Lusitanians."—Sargeant.

J. E. Speir, Ph., Barnesville, Ga.—"Eulogy on Lee."—Norwood.

W. J. Thompson, Ph., Union Springs, Ala.—"Extent of Country no bar to Union."—Madison.

A. W. Wilder, F., Forsyth, Ga.—"Irish Aliens and English Victory."—Sheil.

A. C. Wright, Ph., Davisboro, Ga.—"Eulogy on LaFayette."—Sprague.

All acquitted themselves well, yet it is not invidious to say that Messrs Johnson of Griffin, and Munroe of Florida, did honor to Hon. B. H. Hill from whose speeches they delivered extracts. Mr. Speir of Barnesville reflected equal credit upon Senator Norwood. W. L. Nelms of Decatur, displayed rare elocutionary powers.

The music on the occasion was furnished by the Stone Mountain band and it is needless to say it was extra good.

To-day the juniors made their debut. The house was thronged and the day may be voted a success.

John W. Akin, of Cartersville, who was to speak on "The Centennial" was excused on account of the death of a sister. Robert J. Bigham, of Warrenton, was also excused. He was to speak on "True Intellect."

Their absence was regretted, because from their known ability, a rich treat was expected.

Silas N. Connally of Atlanta, portrayed "The Demagogue" in graphic style and received merited applause.

The "Power of Example" was elaborated with great power, and the speaker himself demonstrated himself to be an example of power in oratory. The plaudits of the audience testified to their approval.

William S. Featherston of Newnan, spoke with grace and logic demonstating "Religion essential to good government." In diction, thought and enunciation, the effort was a master one.

George C. Grogan, of Eureka Mills, had for theme, "Pro vertute et patria," and well did he sustain it. His positions were well taken.

Mr. Tom H. Jeffries, of Atlanta, is a natural orator. In his effort "American civilization" he rose to strains of eloquence and sublimity. The speech was chaste and grand, and received with repeated applause.

"Chivalry" was the subject dwelt upon by James C. Longstreet, of Macon. He invested it with rare charms and gave it great prominence.

Walter B. Palmer in a speech exhibiting much thought and culture photographed "American Journalism." Mr Palmer possesses abilities of a solid character indicating a progressive and successful career.

Mr. James W. Roberts, of Atlanta, was greeted with applause on his entrance and departure, and during the delivery of his speech on 'Our country,' showing his popularity with the audience. The speech was replete with gems of eloquence and thought-pearls.

Its argument was logical and its sentiments patriotic and grand. Our country need not fear lack of patriotism and a high order of citizenship, should the views of Mr. Roberts gain hold on the popular will. He received a baptism of flowers.

"Heroism" is a pleasing theme at all times, but was made more inviting by the charming eloquence of Edward G. Thomas, of Oxford. True heroism received a correct portraiture at his hands He paid a glowing tribute to the heroism of the women of the south.

AWARDING OF PRIZES.

The prizes were awarded by Dr. H. V. M. Miller in an eloquent delineation of oratory and eloquence.

The first prize for the best sophomore declamation was awarded to Taney D. Oliver, of Alexander, Ga., and the second to J. B. Johnson, of Griffin.

The medals are beautiful in design and of pure gold.

[COMMUNICATED]

The Column Business.

[Chronicle and Sentinel.]

So far as our information extends the following is a correct statement of the gubernatorial situation in Georgia. A large number of counties have yet to hold meetings:

FOR COLQUITT.

Baker	2	Heard	2
alhoun	2	Henry	2
Campbell	2	Houston	6
Carroll	4	Lee	2
Chattahoochee	2	Lumpkin	2
Cherokee	2	Madison	2
Clarke	2	Marion	2
Columbia	2	Milton	2
Coffee	2	Mitchell	2
Cobb	4	Muscogee	4
DeKalb	2	Newton	4
Dooly	2	Oglethorpe	4
Dougherty	4	Randolph	2
Franklin	2	Rockdale	2
Gwinnett	4	Troup	4
Hall	2	Upson	2
Hancock	4	Washington	4
Total			98

FOR JOHNSON.

Baldwin	2	Paulding	2
Greene	4	Polk	2
Habersham	2	Richmond	6
Jasper	2	Sumter	4
Jefferson	4	Taliaferro	2
Johnson	2	Taylor	2
Jones	2	Telfair	2
Lowndes	2	Terrell	2
McDuffie	2	Warren	2
Oconee	2	Webster	2
Total			50

FOR JAMES

Fulton ... 6

FOR REESE.

Morgan ... 2

FOR WARNER.

Meriwether ... 4

FOR M'INTYRE.

Berrien	2
Charlton	2
Thomas	4
Total	8

FOR UNDERWOOD.

Haralson ... 2

UNINSTRUCTED.

Appling	2	Irwin	2
Banks	2	McIntosh	2
Bibb	6	Monroe	4
Bulloch	2	Montgomery	2
Chatham	6	Murray	2
Clinch	2	Pierce	2
Decatur	4	Pulaski	2
Douglas	2	Stewart	4
Echols	2	Spalding	2
Forsyth	2	Ware	2
Gilmer	2	Walton	2
Glynn	2	Wayne	2
Harris	4	Whitfield	2
Total			[illegible]

RECAPITULATION.

Whole number votes	240
Colquitt	98
Johnson	50
Uninstructed	70
Scattering	22

FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

PRELIMINARIES TO THE CLOSING OF THE BELKNAP IMPEACHMENT.

Chamberlain of South Carolina Gets No Aid in Washington.

The Mackey-Butt Double Ender—Bill for a U. S. Central Railroad from Chicago to Charleston—Hancock's Amendment Properly killed.

Telegram to the Constitution.

SENATE.

After the expiration of the morning hour the senate resumed the consideration of the articles of impeachment against the late secretary of war.

The senate adopted the conference report on the army bill.

There are now left only the legislative, sundry civil, diplomatic, West Point and river and harbor bills.

The conference report on the sundry civil appropriations bill was agreed to.

The claim committee reported adversely on the bill to pay North Carolina certain money for cotton seized, indefinitely postponed. The resolution of the house regarding the wreck of the Tecumseh in Mobile harbor was referred to the judiciary committee.

The Impeachment.

Jas. S. Evans was on the stand. His business was with Marsh; he did not know Belknap in the transaction.

Maj. Gen. W. S. Hancock was sworn and testified that he knew nothing to the discredit of Gen. Belknap as secretary of war prior to this charge.

Mr. CARPENTER announced that this closed the case for the defense.

Mr. Manager McMAHON stated the managers had nothing the offer in rebuttal.

Mr. CARPENTER asked that some arrangements be made about summing up the case and announced that the three counsels for the defense desired to be heard.

Mr. Manager LORD suggested that time for argument be limited. He said only two managers desired to be heard on the question of fact, but if there was to be an argument as to the effect of the two thirds vote on the question of jurisdiction a third manager desired to be heard.

Mr. CARPENTER said the counsel for the defense would argue all there was in the case, and he regarded that as one of their best points.

Mr. CONKLING submitted an order, three of the managers and three of the counsel may be heard in such order as they may arrange among themselves.

Mr. EDMUNDS moved to amend so as to limit their time of argument to six hours for each side. Rejected: yeas, 16; nays, 29.

The order of Mr. CONKLING was then agreed to. Adjourned.

HOUSE.

The report of the conference committee on the bill declaring forfeited to the United States certain railroad lands in Kansas was agreed to and goes the president.

The committee on ways and means reported a bill to amend the laws relating to international revenue; made a special order for the 22d of July.

Mr. JONES, of Kentucky, from the committee on railroads, reported a bill incorporating the United States Central Railway Company, for the construction of a passenger and freight railway, from Chicago, through Indianapolis, Lexington, Kentucky, Ashville, North Carolina, and Spartanburg, South Carcarolina, to Charleston, Port Royal and Savannah, with another branch to St. Louis. Referred to the committee of the whole.

The bill extending the duration of the court of Alabama claims until the first of January next, was passed.

The house proceeded to the consideration of the South Carolina contested election case. The unanimous report of the committee being that neither the sitting member, Mackey, nor the contestant, Butt, is entitled to the seat.

The conference committee report on the army appropriation bill was agreed to and goes to the president.

The Texas frontier bill was resumed. The amendment to the first section was adopted, in the committee of the whole yesterday. On the motion of Mr. Hancock, of Texas, providing that no part of the troops shall be taken from the state or service where the public interest requires their continuance, was rejected by a party vote—yeas 79; nays 98.

Without disposing of the bill, the house adjourned.

WASHINGTON WHITTLINGS.

Case of Platt vs. Goode—A Bill to Benefit Holders of Mexican Claims.

Telegram to the Constitution.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Mr. Brown of Kansas who has charge of the Platte vs. Goode report, will call it up on Saturday. It is supposed the argument will occupy three days.

The judiciary committee will report favorably on the bill placing assignees of awards of Mexican claims commission in the same relation to the government as the original owners. These claims, about seven millions, are now held at 30 and 35 cents and there are no purchasers. Should the proposed bill pass they will be worth sixty-seven cents, because the great savings and insurance companies can then invest in them. Large amounts have been sold contingent upon the passage of this bill.

It is possible that articles of impeachment will be presented against Robeson, in which case it is said the senate will not consent to an adjournment until the case is tried.

Thomas Jefferson Brady of Indiana, is spoken of as second assistant postmaster general, and Gen. Silas Dutcher as commissioner internal revenue.

The Hayes Report.

The judiciary committee, in the case of Congressman Hayes, from Alabama, report that while the evidence was not sufficient to find that he wilfully made a fraudulent certificate, it still excited grave suspicion and shows in any possible view a carelessness that should not be tolerated but taking the testimony altogether the committee recommend that no further action be taken in matter.

Hayes' Jackassery Rebuked.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The secretary of the treasury has advised the removal of the Hayes and Wheeler flag from the custom house at Norfolk.

The clause repealing federal supervision over registration and voting was stricken from the civil sundry appropriation bill by the conference committee in obedience to the caucus held last night.

Cold Comfort for Chamberlain.

Gov. Chamberlain of South Carolina arrived here this morning and leaves for home to-night. He called upon Secretary Cameron and Attorney General Taft. The views of these officials are that South Carolina should execute her laws and bring parties implicated in inciting the riot and murders to trial and punishment. Prompt action by the state authorities is regarded by them as absolutely necessary.

CORNELL'S CAP IN AIR.

HER CREWS WIN THE THREE GREAT UNIVERSITY RACES AT SARATOGA.

Harvard Comes in For Second Water—Full Report of the Races and the Time Made by the Crews.

Telegram to the Constitution.

SARATOGA, July 19.—The boats for the university race started at 10:37 a. m. The race was won by Cornell; Howard, 2nd; Columbia, 3d; Union, 4th; Wesleyan, 5th, and Princeton last.

The time of Cornell was 17:01½; Howard, 17:05¼; Columbia, 17:18¼; Union, 17:27¼; Wesleyan, 17:58¼; Princeton, 18:10¼.

The single scull race was won by Francis, of Cornell.

The freshman race was won by Cornell; Howard, 2d.

Particulars of the Race.

SARATOGA, July 19.—It was not until about 10:35 a. m. that the signal flag announced the start, and soon the flashing of the oars could be seen. Soon the signal was put up for the half mile showing Cornell leading, Columbia second, Union third. Cornell appeared to be going at about thirty-six strokes. At the mile, Columbia led with Harvard second, Cornell third, and at the two mile signal, Cornell took the lead with spirit, with Harvard second. As they neared the stand the crowd of Cornells and Harvards cheered to the echo, and it was soon given out that Cornell was first, Harvard second, Columbia third, Union fourth, Wesleyan fifth, and Princeton last. Time: Cornell 17:01½, Harvard 17:05¼.

The Single Scull Races

About 11:30 o'clock the single sculls started at the half mile station. Francis of Cornell led, Pormely of Princeton second. The next signal gave Francis still in the lead, and Danforth of Harvard second. At the third time the flag went up, the positions were unaltered. Francis won by five lengths.

Danforth 2d, Parmley 3d and Weeks of Princeton 4th. Francis' time, 13: 42½; Danforth's, 13: 56; Parmley's, 14: 21; Weeks 14: 23 3 4.

The freshmen's race was Cornell's third triumph. At 12: 30 the freshmen boats started. At the first mile the signals showed Harvard leading with Cornell 2d; at the next mile Cornell was leading with Harvard 2d. Cornell won; Harvard 2d. Time—Cornell, 17: 33½, Harvard, 17: 38 3-4.

A SOCIAL HORROR.

The Death of a Seducer at a Father's Hands,—The Scamp was Copying a Psalm.

Telegram to the Constitution.

RICHMOND, VA., July 18.—J. P. Dickerson, depot agent at Wychville, Va., was killed to-day by Charles W. Williams for the seduction of his daughter. When the seduction of his daughter came to his knowledge Williams went to Dickerson and demanded that he should marry her. Dickerson made a promise, but never kept it, and Williams finding he could not get satisfaction, went to the depot office this morning and shot Dickerson through the head with a load of buckshot. Dickerson died inside of five minutes. When shot Dickerson was seated at a desk engaged in copying the 119th psalm. Williams was arrested and held for trial. The community justifies him.

Meeting in Dade County.

A county convention of the democratic party of Dade county was held to-day for the purpose of selecting delegates to the gubernatorial convention, to assemble in Atlanta on the 2nd of August next, and the following resolutions were adopted:

We indorse, ratify and accept the democratic platform as adopted by the national democratic convention held in St. Louis on the 27th day of June, 1876.

Resolved, That this convention vote by ballot for a candidate to place before the gubernatorial convention to assemble in Atlanta on the 2d of August next.

The result was unanimously in favor of Gen. A. H. Colquitt. Delegates, J. G. Pace, Col. J. C. Nesbet, E. D. Graham, Dr. M. S. Matheny, M. A. B. Tatem, Jas. M. Sutton, T. J. Lumpkin and W. M. Jacoway.

Resolved, That the democratic party of Dade county hold a primary election at the several precincts of the county on Saturday, the 5th day of August, for member of congress, for state senator and representative at said election. Each person pledging himself to support the democratic ticket shall be allowed to vote, and the person receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared the choice of the democratic party of Dade, and the executive committee shall appoint delegates instructed and pledged to support in the congressional and senatorial conventions, the choice of the party, and the candidate receiving the highest vote for representative shall be declared the nominee of the party for that office.

Resolved, That a convention be held at Crawfish Spring, Walker county, Ga., on the 19th of August next, to nominate a candidate for state senator from the 44th senatorial district; that a committee of five be appointed to notify Walker and Catoosa counties of the time and place of such convention, and request them to join in said convention.

Committee appointed—J. W. Cureton, Capt. E. T. Rogers, R. H. Tatum, T. J. Lumpkin and Wm. U. Jacoway.

Resolved, That unnecessary offices should be abolished, and unnecessary expenditures avoided. That a repeal of the usury law is demanded. That the present state constitution fails to meet the wants of the people and that a convention is demanded. That the jury system in civil cases be changed and only allowed when demanded by one of the parties and so recorded.

Resolved, That there be an executive committee of the democracy of Dade county, appointed as follows one from each militia district of Dade county and one from the county at large.

Whereupon the following persons were appointed: Col. Hale, S. C. Hale, Martin Richmond, R. W. Acuff, R. F. Pace, Silas Prichet, Hugh McKaig, Peter Forester and S. D. Bridgman.

The convention then adjourned sine die, this July 15th, 1876.

J. C. NESBIT, Chairman.

W. A. JACOWAY, Secretary.

INTERCEPTED INDIANS.

COL. MERRITT STOPS THE CHEYENNES FROM JOINING THE SIOUX

His Official Report of the Movements Which Effected this Happy Result.

Telegram to the Constitution.

CHICAGO, July 19,—Gen. Sheridan has received the following:

FORT LARAMIE, July 18th.

A courier who has just arrived from Red Cloud reports that on the 16th instant, Col. Merritt intercepted the 800 Cheyennes and Sioux who had left the agency to join the hostile bands against Gens. Crook and Terry and drove them back to the agency.

[Signed.] E. F. TOWNSEND, Gen. Commanding,

Col. Merritt's Report.

CHICAGO, July 19.—The following report of Col. Merritt was received at the military headquarters, to-day:

RED CLOUD AGENCY, July 19th.

VIA FORT LARAMIE.

As indicated by my dispatch I moved by forced marches in the main northwest trail on Hudson creek. In thirty-five hours my command made about 75 miles, reaching the trail Sunday evening about 9 o'clock. The trail showed that no large parties had passed north. At daylight yesterday morning I saddled to move on the trail towards the agency. At the same time a party of seven Indians were discovered near the command moving with the intention of cutting off two couriers who were approaching Sage creek. A party was sent out to cut these off, which they did, killing one of them. The command then moved out at once after the other Indians seen in this direction and pursued them but they escaped, leaving four lodges and several hundred pounds of provisions behind. After scouring the country thoroughly in our vicinity we moved at once toward the agency. After a distance of twenty-five miles to the northwest of the agency, the Indians broke camp and fled so that we did not succeed in catching any of them. That trail was much worn. The indications were that hundreds of Indians were driven in by our movements. From reports which I cannot give in this dispatch, I was certain of striking the Cheyennes.

DRY GOODS AUCTION.

Immense Sale and Remarkable Low Scale of Prices.

Telegram to the Constitution.

NEW YORK, July 19.—One of the largest sales of dry goods that ever took place was begun to-day at Messrs. Faulkner, Page & Co's. The goods were from many leading mills in the country, consisting of flannels, blankets, Cheviots, delanes, &c. Some 13,000 packages were offered at the aggregate value of fully $2,500,000. The sales room was thronged with buyers from every house of standing throughout the country. The stock to be disposed of is comprised of four hundred and fifty styles of flannels of every color, width, style and quality known to the market, ten thousand packages of blanket Rob Roys tweeds, ladies' sackings and similar goods, and is said to be the largest and most important stock ever offered at auction in this country. Terms of sale: For all sums over $100, approved and endorsed notes at four months, under that amount cash, with discount of seven per cent more per annum however allowed for cash on bills of one hundred dollars and upward. Prices obtained were about 20 per cent below the regular market prices and about 25 per cent below manufacturer's cost prices. They will be duplicated to-morrow it is said by every goods commission house in the city. Wool is now ten cents a pound less than it was one year ago. The bulk of the purchases was made by western houses. The following are some of the sales: 873¾ yards plain scarlet flannel 10½ cents; 629½ yards plain C. flannel 18 cents; 729 yards 24 inch flannel 18½ cents; 649 yards No. 5 flannel 18½ cents; 741 yards B flannel 20½ cents; 653¾ yards No.5 3-4 plain scarlet 20 cents; 754 yards 24 inch; No. 4 flannel 21½ cents; 653 yards ¾ No. 1 plain scarlet flannel 24 cents; 710¾ yards plain scarlet flannel 28 cents; 397 yards ½ plain 4-4 scarlet flannel 31 cents; 635 yards plain R. S. flannel 29½ cents; 761½ yards ¾ plain orange flannel 4-4 20½ cents.

Crawford County.

KNOXVILLE, GA., July 15, 1876.

A meeting of democratic citizens of Crawford county was held in Knoxville this day for the purpose of selecting delegates to the gubernatorial convention and for other purposes.

On motion of R. D. Smith the meeting was organized by calling Dr. K. P. Moore to the chair, and requesting Samuel H. Causey to act as secretary.

The chair addressed the meeting in a pointed and eloquent address, thanking them for the honor conferred, explaining the object of the meeting and giving a short review of the political situation.

Mr. R. D. Smith offered the following resolutions which were adopted by a large majority:

Resolved, That the time has arrived in the history of our country when it well behooves its people to take an active part in its government, and that the time is now upon us when it is necessary to demand integrity in its officers and purity in its administration.

Resolved, That we recognize in Gen. A. H. Colquitt every requisite that should characterize an office-holder, a man of unblemished character, and spotless reputation, a self sacrificing patriot who stood by his country in the time that tried men's souls, and who in dark and gloomy hours of the war never deserted his country or turned his back upon the battle field. Whose noble heart ever beat warmly for his country and his soldiers, and whose tender kindness to those under his command has endeared him to the hearts of his countrymen. That we recognize in him the champion of agriculture and a friend of his country.

Resolved, that we instruct our delegates to the gubernatorial convention to cast their votes for General Alfred H. Colquitt, the friend of the people and the hero of "Olustee."

Mr. J. C. Holmes placed the following names in nomination for delegates, and moved that they be nominated by acclamation, viz: A. J. Donnelly, Jas. Taylor, M. D. Strond and M. H. McElmurray.

Mr. James J. Ray nominated R. B. Murchison, W. G. Vinson, Stephen Slocumb and H. D. McCrary.

Messrs. Donnelly, Taylor, Stroud and McElmurray were elected by a large majority.

Dr. W. L. Jones moved that the chair appoint an executive committee of four from each militia district, and the executive committee elect a chairman outside of their number. Carried.

The chair appointed as follows:

Knoxville district, W. G. Vinson; Hammock's district, J. O. Holmes; Beasley's district, J. F. Jordan; Webb's district, S. R. Harrison; Sandy Point district, S. H. Causey; third district, J. R. Hicks; sixth district, James Taylor; seventh district, B. W. Sanford.

Col. J. D, Roddey moved to appoint delegates to the congressional convention, which was carried.

Col. M. D. Stroud moved that R. D. Smith and J. O. Holmes be appointed delegates by acclamation. Carried.

Mr. Ben W. Sanford offered the following resolution, which, on motion of R. D. Smith, was unanimously adopted by a rising vote:

Resolved, That the manly and patriotic letter of Col. Thomas Hardeman in retiring from the gubernatorial contest and his reasons therefor, deserves from the democrats of Crawford county and the whole state, the highest respect and consideration,

Resolved, 2nd, That we believe in thus submitting to a will of the majority he was actuated from true principle and the good of the democratic party,

Resolved, 3d, That Col. Hardeman's past services to the party, entitle him to claims upon it, which claims, we demand, should be recognized.

On motion, the secretary was requested to furnish a copy of these proceedings to the Macon Telegraph & Messenger and ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

On motion the meeting adjourned *sine die.*

S. H. CAUSEY, Secretary.

K. P. MOORE, Chairman.

ADVERTISING RATES.

RATES OF ADVERTISING FOR USUAL ADVERTISERS, THE RATES NAMED IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE:

Length of Square Ten Lines.	1 w'k	2 w'ks	3 w'ks	4 w'ks
One Square	$ 3.50	$ 6.00	$ 8.00	$10.00
Two Squares	6.50	11.50	15.50	18.00
Three Squares	9.00	16.50	22.00	26.50
Four Squares	11.00	20.00	27.00	33.00
Five Squares	13.00	23.00	31.50	39.00
Six Squares	14.50	25.50	35.00	44.00
Seven Squares	16.00	27.00	39.00	48.5
Half Column	30.00	55.00	70.00	85.00
One Column	50.00	75.00	90.00	100.00

Advertisements inserted three times a week, one-fourth off the table rates; two times a week, one-half off the table rates; once a week, $1 per square, each insertion. Weekly, $1 per square, each insertion.

Theatres, Shows, Minstrel Companies, and such like amusements $1 per square for first insertion, and 75 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of any kind in "Preferred Locals" 25 cents per line each insertion. "City Locals" (in brevier) 20 cents per line, each insertion; in "Local and Business" 15 cents per line, each insertion. "Captions" are counted as two lines. A line is estimated at six words. Contract rates reasonable. Transient Advertisements must be paid in advance.

New Advertisemens

OFFICIAL DRAWING OF THE

GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY,

For the benefit of the Orphans' Home and Free School.

Morning Supplementary, Class 343, July 19, 1876

52 29 21 51 7 12 32 22 72 9 25

Evening Supplementary, Class 344, July 19, 1876.

30 47 57 31 51 45 46 2 1 39 17 18

Witness my hand, at Atlanta, Ga., this 19th day of July, 1876. E. S. MORRIS, Manager.

july20—dtf

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE,

ATLANTA, GA., July 19th, 1876.

AN ORDINANCE.

BE it ordained, That any person or persons who reside on, or do business on any of the principal streets of this city, such as Peachtree, Whitehall, Decatur, Marietta, Alabama, Peters, &c., who shall deposit on any of the aforesaid main streets of this city, any sweepings from any stores or dwelling houses or places of business, or any paper, hair, fuel, slop or washings, watermelon rinds or seed, fruit pairings, vegetable matter of any kind, or any kind of garbage, shall, on conviction, pay a fine of not exceeding one hundred dollars for each and every offense, or be imprisoned not exceeding thirty days, or both in the discretion of the Court. For the convenience of all persons affected by the preceding section it shall be their duty to place all accumulations therein mentioned in a box or other receptacle, and place the same on the outside of the sidewalk every day, except Sunday.

Be it further ordained, That this Ordinance be published by the Clerk in THE CONSTITUTION once a week for four weeks, and that the Chief of Police be instructed to rigidly enforce the provisions of this Ordinance.

Repeals conflicting Ordinances.

I certify that the above is a true and correct transcript from the regular minutes of the Mayor and General Council. FRANK T. RYAN, City Clerk.

july20—d1aw4w

Executor's Sale.

AT ten (10) o'clock on Wednesday, 13th of September next, at public sale at Toccoa City, all the real estate of J. Raven Mathews, deceased, viz: The

Toccoa Falls

with three hundred acres around it. Also, fractional lot No. 166, containing 130 acres, and lot 165, 2 3-10 acres, adjoining the Toccoa Falls tract. Also, one-third undivided interest in the following lots and fractions around the

Tallulah Falls,

183 in the 13th district, Habersham county, and 192, 185, 174, 6th district, Rabun county, Nos. 10, 11, 13, in 5th district, Rabun. Lots No. 92,

GOLD MINE

on it; 118, Lime Quarry on it; 121, 208, 61, in cultivation, in 12th district. Also, one undivided fourth of parts of lots 22 and 23, in the 10th district, on which the old

Habersham Iron Works, Saw Mill, Etc,

(including WATER POWER) used to stand; Also, lot No. 7, 5th district, containing 490 acres, and fractional lot No. 2, 5th district, 230 acres, (the Union road runs through them) formerly Habersham, now White county. Also, one undivided half of lot No. 110, 1st section 19th district, formerly Cherokee, now Towns county, containing in all 124 acres, more or less Also, lot No. 145, 5th district, 2d section, formerly Cherokee, now Pickens county, containing 160 acres. All being in the State of Georgia, and sold under the will of the late J. Raven Mathews.

Terms—One-third (⅓) cash, balance in one and two years with ten per cent. interest. Purchasers to pay for papers.

W. R. MATHEWS, Executor

Also, at the same time and place all the interest of the late Mrs. Abbott Brisbane in one undivided half of lots 176 and 174 and one-third interest in lots 192, 85, 174, in 6th district, Rabun and 10, 11, 12 and 13, in 5th district, Rabun county, and 183 in 13th district, Habersham county.

W. R. MATHEWS, Agent for Executor of Brisbane.

july20—woedwtd

Estray Notice.

TOLLED before me, on the 18th day of July, 1876, by James M. Wilson, of the 731st district G. M., in Campbell county, Georgia, an estray COW. Said Cow is a small sized Cow, with white back and belly and red sides, marked with a split and underbit in right ear and underbit in the left ear, about seven years old Appraised by A. B. Waits and W. L. Wilson, freeholders of said district, to be worth twelve dollars, and the taker up is entitled to ten cents per day to keep said Cow. The owner is hereby notified to appear before me, prove property, pay costs and expenses and take said Cow away, else she will be sold on the freehold of James M. Wilson, the taker up, near Sand Town, in said county, on the 29th day of July, 1876. R. C. BEAVERS, Ordinary.

july20—w1t

BY JOYNER & ELLIS, Auc'rs.

Law and Medical Books

AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY NIGHT, 20th inst., 8 o'clock, we will sell at our auction room, a desirable collection of Law and Medical Works from the best authors july18—3t

Insanity.

Private Asylum

FOR THE INSANE.

CINCINNATI SANITARIUM.

SUPERIOR accommodations for all classes Separate departments for epileptics and nervous invalids. For terms of admission and circular d

Daily Constitution

PRINTER FOR CITY AND COUNTY.
Judicial Sales, Tax Sales, all Official Proceedings of City and County, published by authority.

The Largest Circulation, City, County and State—Defies Refutation.

GENERAL TRAVELING AGENTS:
T. M. ACTON. H. H. PARKS.

National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:

HON. SAMUEL J. TILDEN,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

HON. THOS. A. HENDRICKS,

OF INDIANA.

Supreme Court Decisions.

The pamphlet of Decisions for term ust closed are now ready for delivery. Send order at once. Price, $1 00 per pamphlet to CONSTITUTION subscribers; $2 00 to others. Volumes 46, 47, 44, 49, for sale. Address THE CONSTITUTION office, Atlanta Ga.
june3—dtf

TWO NOTABLE LETTERS.

Last week's canvass produced two interesting letters, neither of which, we regret to say, can we publish in full from want of space. One is from the pen of Mr. August Belmont, an old democratic wheel horse, and the other from that of Hon. Frank W. Bird, an old republican wheel horse and one of the founders and trusted advisers of that party.

Mr. Belmont's letter was drawn out by statements made by Mr. E. W. Stoughton at a Hayes ratification meeting in New York, to the effect that Mr. Belmont had denounced Mr. Tilden. To this Mr. Belmont makes answer as follows:

Mr. Stoughton could have ascertained by a note if I had ever held or even uttered these opinions. But he could have been aware that no man of sense in New York ever could have believed such falsehoods concerning Gov. Tilden, than whom, if I may presume to judge, no more clean-handed, upright or sagacious counsellor, in my time, has belonged to the bar of this city. My first choice, indeed, for president was Senator Bayard, of Delaware. But I concur heartily in the St. Louis convention, and in their platform, so direct, explicit and unequivocal in its every demand for reform, and this I do the more unhesitatingly for the reason that I have long believed Gov. Tilden to be one of the few statesmen in any party who is capable to fulfill the pledges of that masterly platform in respect to reduction of expenditure, revision of taxation and a return to specie payments with steadiness, ease and safety, relieving labor which every where begs for employment, and liberating capital, which now so generally hides in distrust.

Mr. Bird has long been a sagacious, unselfish counselor in the republican circles of Massachusetts, seeking only good government and the security of large private interests. He decided to support Mr. Tilden because he had at length became convinced that reform within the party was impossible. Sickness prevented him from attending the recent democratic ratification meeting in Faneuil Hall, Boston, and he sent instead a letter, from which we take the following comment on a section of the address put out by the Fifth Avenue conference of reformers:

"The man to be intrusted with the presidency this year must have deserved not only the confidence of honest men, but also the fear and hatred of thieves. He who manages to cultivate the national honor seriously at heart should solemnly resolve that the country must now have a president whose name is already a watchword of reform; whose capacity and courage for the work are matters of record rather than of promise," etc. This perfectly fits Mr. Tilden. Does it fit Mr. Hayes? And yet most of our "independent" friends in hot haste proclaim their adhesion to the republican party solely on the ground of "the worn-out clap-trap affair of promises in party platforms," and of "mere fine professions on the part of candidates." Not only this; but they propose to enter the canvass under the lead of "Zach" Chandler—a man repudiated by the republican party of his own state, and elected against the opposition of the friends of Mr. Hayes apparently solely because he is a member of Grant's cabinet. Never before, I think, was a cabinet minister placed at the head of a national committee in a presidential campaign; but this administration makes its own precedents, and it certainly is very convenient for the party which indorses Gen. Grant's administration to have for its director a man who is eminently fitted to administer upon the estate of the out-going administration. It secures continuity of policy as effectually as would a third term.

Such men as Mr. Bird and Charles Francis Adams have weight in Massachusess and in every other northern state. They represent the best part of the liberal party.

VIRTUAL IMPEACHMENT OF ROBESON.

The defiant Jerseyman has practically gone to meet Belknap. He did his best to meet every point raised by the investigating committee, but he left his case at the end lamentably lame. Chairman Whitthorne deserves the thanks of the country for his energy in unearthing the corruptions and abuses of the naval department. His was no easy task, for Robeson proceeded from the outset of his official career in a way to baffle inquiry. He knew how to cover up his tracks. His associates, the Cattells of New Jersey, are old birds not easily caught. So adroitly had they conducted their business that the payment of money into the hands of Robeson could not be proven, but there is a mass of testimony that leaves it morally certain he was so corrupted. For years he was a silent partner of the firm of E. G. Cattell & Co., who levied blackmail upon contractors in the navy department. That firm sold contracts and transacted a general go-between business in the department. All contracts for supplies and work in the various navy yards were grists in the Cattell mill, and no man can read the testimony and believe Robeson innocent of the transactions of the notorious firm.

He is clearly guilty of violations of law and abuses of the power of his office. He used millions of the public funds to tide Jay Cooke' McCullough & Co, through the panic of 1873, although the firm was then in a bankrupt condition. He made contracts and purchases in the teeth of the law without advertising; he freely used the vessels of the navy for junketing trips and other private purposes. In short, he repeatedly abused the high privileges of his office. Mr. Whitthorne believes him to be one of the greatest official rascals of the present administration—which is as strong as words can put it—and at the same time he is one of the shrewdest and most skillful.

The proper course to pursue in his case is not clear. A few months will forever terminate the disgraceful administration of Mr. Grant, when the whole cabinet will disappear from public gaze. Is it then worth while to bring the crafty Robeson before a republican senate for trial? The senate to evade further scandal would acquit him unless a strong case of corruption, founded on direct and positive testimony, were made out. The chances are that the silent partner of the Cattells would leave a court of impeachment unpunished. It is very probable therefore that the house will not consider it good policy to present articles against Robeson, but will content itself with sending the evidence taken by Mr. Whitthorne's committee to the country along with some pretty distinct conclusions founded on the committee's report, from which a partisan senate can not shield him. He deserves however a much severer punishment.

ATLANTA'S PROSPERITY.

It is wonderful, the nature of the times being considered. It is not even approached, we verily believe, this side of the Mississippi, and we do not know of a town of similar size west of the great river that is increasing as rapidly. An extended tour that included cities in every cis-Mississippi section of the country, enables the writer to say with some knowledge that Atlanta's growth is exceptional. All the cities but ours are at a stand still, be they manufacturing, commercial or political cities. The hand of enterprise is paralyzed, and the town that can hold its own, that is not placarded with the significant "To Let," is considered a town with a future. To keep up is the present limit of hope in ambitious towns, and a hard fight it is, when commercial houses of long standing are toppling, when trade refuses to revive and factories to resume. We have no wish to exaggerate the situation. It is bad enough in all the northeastern states without the addition of a single statement drawn from the imagination. All are suffering, from the metropolis down to the smallest hamlet that feeds it.

And yet Atlanta prospers, expands, pulls down poor buildings to erect fine ones, and marches on with steady step to destiny. Why is it? Why should an interior city of one of the original thirteen states be exceptionaly prosperous? Why should she wax fat in times that wither or at least palsy other cities?

It is easier to ask this question than to answer it. Our city has become a great center. There must be some reason that induced people to locate here, who in turn made it what it is. We are convinced that the basis of the city's steady growth consists in the healthfulness and salubrity of our summers. So marked is this that the Mutual Life insurance company of New York, the largest company of its kind in the country, excepts Atlanta and its immediate neighborhood from the sweeping inhibition against visits in the southern states without special permission. Atlanta deservedly enjoys the reputation far and near of being absolutely free of all climatic diseases as well as epidemics, and this counts for something in the cotton belt, we may be sure. The purity of her upland air and the enterprise which it begets are known and discussed from Denver to Portland. People who are looking for new homes or new places of business examine its merits first of all; and if our contemporaies who can not understand the secret of Atlanta's continuous properity, will anlyze and estimate at its worth this advantage, we feel sure they will discover a bottom fact that agitation cannot impair.

A town that is a resort in the summer from the heat and malaria of the lowlands, and a refuge in the winter from the blasts and piercing cold of the northern states, does not deserve much credit for enterprise. Prosperity is thrust upon her, as greatness is said to be upon some men. Let us then be thankful for our superb all-the-year climate; let us build accommodations for all comers, and have faith in our future.

OFFICIAL returns show that in the fiscal year of 1872-3 we imported goods to the value of $16.42 per head of population. This amount has been gradually decreasing ever since. Last year our imports were only $10.31 per capita of population, a decline of over thirty seven per cent. The New York Bulletin adds: "For the last fiscal year, the exports of the country were about $115,000,000 more than the imports. Probably $75,000,000 of that surplus was required to pay interest upon our securities held abroad. The balance of $40,000,000 represents so much ability to buy goods in foreign markets; but, actually, it appears to have been devoted to the purchase of our securities held in other countries, a natural condition of the home money market. Nevertheless, it is clear that our exports confer upon us the ability to buy a larger amount of goods abroad than we are at present taking; and it will be a remarkable exception to common experience if this ability should much longer remain unexercised."

WHEELER's record shows that he is a jobber of the worst sort. He wronged one of his clients, Mr. Frederick W. Ames of New York, until the latter brought a suit, when Wheeler made haste to settle. He tried to cheat Mr. Ames out of the rise in some lands that the latter had commissioned him to buy. He struck the second mortgage bondholders of the Northern railroad for $20,000 before he would give up possession, which he held as a trustee of the first bondholders. He was chairman of the railroad committee when the Northern Pacific job was put through, and it is believed that his share in that gigantic swindle would not stand exposure.

THE shrewd and unprincipled politicians of the republican party would live in clover indeed if they could secure the election of the indolent, plastic, innocent, yielding Hayes. They know him and are working like beavers to elect him. There is not a crooked man in that party who is not a zealous Hayes man.

FACT AND COMMENT.

A NEW Illinois town has been promptly named Custer.

FOUR years of Hayes would complete twelve years of Grantism.

ALL seems as quiet as death in the Indian country since Custer fell.

CONCEIVED in Cin. and brought forth in iniquity—the present republican ticket.

"THE whole art of government consists in the art of being honest."—*Thomas Jefferson.*

THE thirty-two second lieutenants over whom Fred Grant recently vaulted are of the opinion that the war was a failure.

THE senate has swallowed a good many nauseous doses, but it gagged on Fisher, for district attorney of Delaware. Grant had to take that back.

IF the Ohio democracy carry on the canvass in the same spirit in which they have commenced it, Tilden and Hendricks will carry the state. Democratic fires are springing up on every hill-top.

SITTING BULL has a right to complain that he is not treated fairly, that the great Father changes his contract officers so frequently that a poor Indian can't know whom he is playing against.

IF gold should decline in value like silver, Rothschild would want the Americans to pay their bonds in gas stock, and, unless watched, his agents might quietly secure the necessary legislation.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

A GENTLEMAN of Jersey City has taken the Fourth of July decorations from his house and sealed them up in a packet, which is to be opened by his descendants in order that the same decorations may be used by them in 1976.

"NOW you just take your leg away from me!" complained Jewell when he felt the toe of Grant's boot. "I want you to understand, sir," replied the great and good president, "that this is a nation, and not a leg."

D. APPLETON & Co. are about to publish "The Life and Services of Hon. Samuel J. Tilden," written with the approval of Mr. Tilden, by Theo. P. Cook editor of the Utica (N. Y.) Observer. This biography of the next president will doubtless be in large demand.

THE Herald's subscription for a monument to Custer has reached the sum of $2,285 45 Friday morning, the amounts donated ranging all the way from ten cents to a thousand dollars. The best thing to do with this fund is to turn it over to the widow every Saturday.

BELKNAP puts in an appearance at each session of the court of impeachment. No one of the members, however, converses with him. Many do not presume to recognize him, and those who do give him a cold, formal nod. If outward appearances do not belie his inward feelings, he is not much distressed about the trial or its results.

THE Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria has been in bad health for six weeks past and rumors of his intended abdication are circulating in Vienna. The Imperial Prince Rudolph is now just eighteen years old, at which age his father succeeded to the throne on the abdication of Ferdinand I.

THE punishment to which the republican candidate for governor of Indiana is liable, and which he would receive if prosecuted, is two years in the penitentiary and a fine of $10,000. But the republicans promise "the prosecution and punishment of all who betray official trusts," and nominate him for governor of Indiana.

HAYES and Wheeler sound right funny immediately following the utterance of Tilden and Hendricks! You have to say Hayes and Wheeler in a fine, thin, squeaking sort of a voice You say Tilden and Hendricks in a strong, full earnest, confident tone that makes a fellow think at once that you are a man, and mean just what you say!—*Lexington Dispatch.*

THE late Augustus Hemenway, of Boston, bequeathed $100,000 for charitable purposes. In this will he expressed a wish that it might be distributed as much as possible among those most worthy, avoiding all such as make two paupers where there was but one before, and those with any appearance of sham—where the managers derive pecuniary profit from the management—my wish being to aid the worthy poor and to assist those who are willing to assist them selves, when able, and to smooth the hours of the dying poor."

GENERAL GRANT has made up his mind. He means to have his own way now. He has placated public sentiment long enough, and he now says down if I don't do as I please. Didn't he sit still and let a vile conspiracy carry his best beloved Babcock to the verge of the penitentiary? Didn't he let this vile thing be done and raise no voice? Didn't he let Bristow and the rest of the family prove the White House collusion with the whisky conspiracy and suffer them to eat the president's bread and butter? Now a new leaf is turning. He has but a few months to serve, and during those months he proposes to run the machine himself.—*Chicago Times, (Ind.)*

MR. J. F. BENJAMIN, Q. C., ex-Confederate secretary of state, furnishes a strikingly exceptional instance of an American speaking through the social and professional conservatism which excludes Americans from the liberal professions in England. He landed in the country where he is naturalized almost destitute of clothing and money. But few practicing barristers can boast so large an income as he now enjoys. his fee in the Franconia case amounting to $6,250 gold. Mr. Benjamin entirely ignores every allusion to the southern rebellion, and his success is due to legal knowledge and power in pleading, without any adventitious aids.

Appetite a Necessity.

Appetite is a necessity. Without it sufficient food is not received into the stomach either to nourish the system or to give the stimulus to the bowels which they require. Both these organs and the liver become torpid in consequence, and the blood grows poor in quality and quantity. Improve the appetites. therefore, and avoid such results. This is most effectually done with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a tonic appetizer and alterative without a peer. It gives not only an unwonted zest for food but enables the stomach to digest and the system to assimilate it. Flatulence, heartburn, nausea, and every other concomitant of indigestion are removed by it, as are also biliousness and constipation Each nerve fibre of the body is made to tingle with health by its use, and it is the leading remedy for despondency. july15—d&w1t

THE MONTGOMERY

White Sulpher Springs,

ARE located in the county of Montgomery, Virginia, in a beautiful valley 1800 feet above the level of the sea, amidst the grand scenery of the Blue Ridge and Alleghany Mountains, and will, on the first day of June next, be opened for the reception of guests.

These Springs are reached by a continous Railway, which lands the visitors in the Reception House in the centre of lawn.

A New Branch Narrow Guage Railroad

constructed of a light new T rail, with fish bars, has been completed, affording our guests the comfort and convenience of stepping from one car to the other, and in a few moments being safely landed on the Springs grounds, making it much pleasant than to be transferred to slow coaches over rough roads.

THE WATERS of these Springs consists in Sulphur, Chalybeate and Freestone, and are extensively known for their Hygienic properties. In addition to which, the Proprietors will keep for the use of their guests, the waters of the various Mineral Springs of the State The newly discovered Iron Spring is regarded the finest tonic water in the State.

The Montgomery White is the Most Spacious Watering Place in the State,

accommodating at least 1,000 guests. THE BUILDINGS are beautiful in design, combining elegance with comfort; are thoroughly ventilated and in perfect repair; they surround a splendid grass covered lawn, dotted with fountains, and traversed by a limpid brook with sparkling water falls, and shaded by the Ash, the Sugar, and the Maple The grounds are dry, sweet, and healthful, the drainage being perfect. The usual sources of Amusement are provided—Ten Pins, Billiards, Croquet, Boating, Fishing, Hunting, Walks, Drives, Balls, &c., &c., make up the pleasures of the day.

Express, Post, Telegraph and Ticket Offices are found here

The Bar is unsurpassed The

Splendid Naval Academy Band

of Annapolis, Maryland, has been engaged.

A FARM of 2,000 ACRES and an Extensive Garden furnish an abundant supply of Vegetables, Milk and Butter.

ICE in great abundance is secured.

No Watering Place in Virginia possesses the same Facilities of Access and other Superior Advantages.

TERMS:

Per day $3 00; per Week $17 00; per Month $50 00. Children under 10 years, and servants half price. For three consecutive months, $45 00 per month.

COLHOUN & COWAN.

Dr. ISAAC WHITE, Resident Physician

Charges for stopping at Way Stations on the Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio Railroad have been abolished. Travelers can now stop at any Station without charge. july19—deodtf

New Advertisements.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

REVOLVERS SEVEN SHOT **$3.00**

New Buffalo Bill Revolver

Sent with 100 Cartridges for $3 FULL NICKLE PLATE. Satisfaction guaranteed. *Illustrated Catalogue FREE.* WESTERN GUN WORKS, Chicago, Ill., 69 Dearborn street, (McCormick Block.) P. O. Box 346.

$77 PER WEEK GUARANTEED to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and OUTFIT FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

"PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING" How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc. 1,000,000 sold. A queer book Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia.

Price, Twenty-Five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

ONE HUNDRED AND FOURTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class journals; very complete lists. Together with a complete list of over 300 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising, many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

NEWSPAPERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

A complete list of American Newspapers, numbering more than eight thousand, with a Gazetteer of all the towns and cities in which they are published; Historical and Statistical Sketches of the Great Newspaper Establishments; illustrated with numerous engravings of the principal Newspaper Buildings. BOOK OF 300 PAGES, just issued. Mailed, post-paid, to any address for 35 cents. Apply (inclosing price) to SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NEWSPAPER PAVILION, Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Co., New York.

EVERY ADVERTISER NEEDS IT.

july18—d&w4w

Schools and Colleges

King's Mountain Military School,

YORKVILLE, S. C.

NEXT Session begins September 4, ends January 30. Pupils should enter at beginning of Session, but will be received at any time. This is the oldest Military School south of Virginia, and the only one in South Carolina. Full Collegiate course Thorough discipline. Diplomas to graduates. Healthy, hill country. For printed circulars and full information, apply to

july6—deod3m COL. A. COWARD, Principal.

Important to Parents and Guardians

MOUNT DE CHANTAL

Academy of the Visitation,

NEAR WHEELING, WEST VIRGINIA.

PARENTS in quest of a first-class school for their daughters, will do well to investigate the claims of this celebrated Academy. For thoroughness in every department of female education, Mt. de Chantal ranks pre-eminently high. Great attention is given to perfect the pupils in writing and speaking French with fluency. For those sufficiently advanced, it is the language of their recreation hours. The purity of accent and correctness of pronunciation acquired in this Institution have been a subject of surprise to the native Parisian. The renown for the superiority in music is so wide spread as to have made this Academy almost a national one. One feature, in particular, that should recommend Mt. de Chantal to the sensible parent, is the influence exercised to form the pupils to views and habits of economy, and to render them really practical and useful women of society in after years. Simplicity in dress is enforced by rule.

These facts, united to the exceedingly moderate rates of board and tuition (200 per annum,) will we trust, secure to this school as large and desirable a patronage in the future as it has enjoyed in the past.

For further particulars apply for prospectus to the Directress of Mount de Chantal Academy of the Visitation, near Wheeling, West Virginia.

jan1—d2tawly

Carroll Masonic Institute,

CARROLLTON, GA.

FALL TERM opens on second Thursday in August. Tuition for term, $9, $15 or $21, according to grade of studies pursued.

Board can be had in private families at reasonable rates.

Both sexes received

JOHN M. RICHARDSON,
july6—d1m President and Proprietor.

ROANOKE COLLEGE,

Salem, Virginia.

NEXT session begins September 6th. Collegiate and Preparatory courses. Unsurpassed Location, Healthy Mountain Climate, Moral Community, Moderate Expenses From $160 to $240 for ten months (including board, tuition, &c., &c.) College quite prosperous. Students from all sections of the country. For Catalogues, &c, address Secretary of Faculty, Roanoake College, Salem, Va. july14—deod2w&w2t

Bellevue High School.

Bedford County, Virginia.

ON Va. & Tenn R. R., 15 miles west of Lynchburg. Full corps of Teachers, High and healthy location. Pupils members of the family. Sessions begins September 15 For Catalogues or desired information, apply to

WILLIAM B ABBOTT, Principal,
july11—d&w2m Bellevue P. O.

Notre Dame of Maryland

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

Near GOVANSTOWN, Baltimore county, Maryland.

CONDUCTED by the School Sisters of Notre Dame. This institution is most desirably located 3 miles N. of Baltimore, and is provided with every accessory for health and comfort. The system of education pursued is designed to develop the mental, moral and physical powers of the pupils, to make them REFINED, ACCOMPLISHED and USEFUL members of society. In the regular course, which includes the German and French languages, number of pupils is limited to one hundred and forty.

PARLOR BOARDERS or young ladies who desire PRIVATE apartments limited to fourteen.

YOUNG LADIES, whose health requires SPECIAL PRIVILEGES, can be accomodated at a first-class country residence located on the grounds, provided fifteen positive applications are made before the 25th of August.

Educational advantages are the same for all.

For particulars, send for Catalogue.

july4—d10w

Wesleyan Female Institute

STAUNTON, VA.

BEGINS its 27th annual session September 21st, 1876. Ranks among the first Virginia Schools for young ladies. Twenty-three teachers and officers. Modern Languages and Music taught by European and American teachers, Location mid-way between the mountains in the beautiful Valley of Virginia. Most invigorating climate, far famed for health. Pupils coming here with feeble constitutions, generally restored. Buildings elegant fanned by purest mountain breezes, commanding magnificent scenery, altogether, one of the most delightful College homes in the Union Simplicity in dress, with neat uniform required No unnecessary expense allowed.

Board and tuition in College course for scholastic year $240 For catalogues address,

REV. W. A. HARRIS, D. D.,
President.
Staunton, Virginia. july18—d2t&w6w

Augusta Female Seminary

STAUNTON, VIRGINIA.

The academic term of this institution begins on the first Wednesday in September, and closes on the corresponding day in June following. This is the largest first-class institution in Virginia for young ladies. It has a corps of twenty-five officers and teachers. The English course is extensive and thorough. Advantages for music, languages, drawing, and painting cannot be surpassed. For catalogue containing full particulars, apply to Miss MARY J. BALDWIN,
july18—d1m Principal

VIRGINIA FEMALE INSTITUTE,

STAUNTON, VIRGINIA.

Rev. R. H. PHILLIPS, A. M., Rector, assisted by a large corps of experienced officers. Thirty-second annual session will commence Sept. 6th. Patronage represents nineteen states. Buildings spacious. Grounds extensive. Terms moderate. Churches of seven denominations within three minutes' walk. For catalogue, address the Rector, or Hon. H. W. SHEFFEY.
july18—d2taw1m&w1m

Centennial Route.

THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE

LOUISVILLE & CINCINNATI

SHORT LINE

RAILROAD.

THE QUICKEST, BEST AND ONLY ROUTE With which Passengers from the South make direct connection at Louisville with

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars

To Pittsburg, Harrisburg, Philadelphia.

New York

And other Eastern Cities

WITHOUT CHANGE

Arriving many hours in advance of all other Lines. Connections made at Cincinnati with all Lines running

Pullman & Wagner

PALACE SLEEPERS.

To Toledo, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Baltimore, Washington, Sandusky, Cleveland, Buffalo, Albany, Salamanca, and New York

Without Change

This is the only Line running its entire trains from Louisville to Cincinnati, and the only Line by which passengers from the South en route to Eastern and Northern Cities can avoid a tedious haul through Louisville by changing cars at Short Line Junction with L. & G. S. R. R., three miles south of the city, where they can be served with

An Excellent Meal

at Rufer's Dining Hall, at all hours.

THROUGH SLEEPERS

from New Orleans, Mobile, Jacksonville, Atlanta Little Rock, Memphis, Montgomery, and Nashville, make direct connection at Short Line Junction with through Sleepers to New York and other Eastern Cities via this Line.

During the Centennial

Exhibition at Philadelphia, this Line will sell Excursion Tickets at

Greatly Reduced Rates.

ASK FOR TICKETS VIA

LOUISVILLE & THE SHORT LINE

The only Line running through cars to Eastern Cities. For sale at the Ticket Offices in the South and Southwest.

JOHN MAC LEOD, Gen'l Sup't.
S. S. PARKER,
G. P. & P. Agent. Louisville Ky
jan2—d1y

Miscellaneous

NOTICE.

THE firm of Hurt, Blount & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, having sold their warehouse interest to Joel E. Hurt, who will settle up their old business.

Judge C. H. Strong.

too well and favorably known to require any commendation from us, has leased and will occupy our old stand, where he will ever be ready to wait on his host of friends. Success to him.

GEO. T HURT,
JOS. G. BLOUNT,
A F. HURT.
ELLIOTT ESTES.

Atlanta, Georgia, June 17th, 1876.
june21—d1awlm

Sale of Impounded Cows.

EIGHT COWS, now in City Pound, will be sold to the highest cash bidder, at the Pound, in the rear of the Station House, on Wednesday, July 19th, 1876, between 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., unless sooner redeemed by the owners.

J. A. ANDERSON,
Chief of Police.
Atlanta, July 13, 1876—d1w

JOSEPH GORDON,

House and Sign Painter,

No, 24 Peachtree street,

ATLANTA..........GEORGIA

COUNTRY Orders solicited and promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. aug26—d1y

Tried by Fire and Found not Wanting

J. L. VARNER,

Fire and Life Insurance Agent,

CUTHBERT, GA.

REPRESENTS the old and reliable Liverpool and London and Globe, and the most substantial American companies. Insurance placed at lowest rates and losses promptly paid.
feb6,1876—d1y

To the Suffering Public!

DR HOOVER Chiropodist, Atlanta, Ga., will remove all suffering blemishes, such as Corns, Bunions, In-Grown Toe Nails, even where they are beneath the flesh, with but little pain. The operation leaves no soreness, and shoes can afterwards be worn with ease and comfort.

He can be found at the Kimball House from 9 to 10 and 3 to 4 o'clock.

All orders left with the clerks, promptly attended to. may14 tf

Desirable Property for Sale in Marietta, Georgia.

THE subscriber, desirous of removing to the lower part of Georgia, offers at private sale that valuable family residence immediately on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, and better known as the Gignilliatt place, consisting of a most elegant dwelling, with 13 large and well ventilated rooms, together with several other nice cottage buildings attached. Four acres of ground with a beautiful grove, vegetable and flower garden. clover field, fruit trees, vines, &c Terms One-third cash, and the balance in easy payments Apply to Mrs. C. T. Gignilliatt, at her residence, in Marietta, Ga. june20—d2taw2m

& HARNESS

MANUFACTURER,

96 Whitehall Street,

EVERYTHING NOT IN STOCK MADE TO order. Come and examine goods and prices. Special Rates to Wholesale Buyers.

D. MORGAN,
mar11—d6m Atlanta Ga

LONGLEY & ROBINSON,

Contractors and Builders

AND PROPRIETORS OF

THE PHŒNIX MILL.

DEALERS and Manufacturers of all kinds of Building Materials, such as DOORS, SASH. etc., (both White and Yellow Pine,) Mantels Newells, Ceiling, Weather Boarding, Fence Materials, and all kinds of Finishing Lumber. Also, SHINGLES, LATHES etc.

Orders will also be taken for all kinds of CUSTOM WORK, such as Door and Window Frames. Scroll and Turned Work, Brackets etc. All orders will receive prompt attention.

We will guarantee our prices as low as the lowest, and respectfully solicit a liberal share of patronage.

Sales Room and Office,

IN THE

MARKHAM HOUSE

LOYD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.
feb25—1tf

RHEUMATISM

DR. RUSSELL'S

Rheumatic Remedy

NEVER FAILS.

Price, $5 00 per bot. N. 43 Broad street Atlanta, Ga. an25—d6m3dp

MARRIAGE GUIDE An illustrated work 275 pages, a private counselor to the married and marriageable on the mysteries of the sexual system, its abuses, etc., latest discoveries in the science of reproduction; how to be truly happy in the married relation. Male and female, young and middle aged should read and preserve it. It contains information, which no one can afford to be without, as by its precepts many are saved; it will give to ladies the checks the disorders of youth, the best only true Marriage Guide in the world. Price 50c by Mail. The author may be consulted personally or by mail on any of the subjects mentioned in his work. Dr. A. G. OLIN, 137 Washington st., Chicago, Ill.

For Rent—House Furnished

A NINE ROOM HOUSE, on the East side of Peachtree street, near the intersection of Peachtree and Ivy Parlor, Dining Room, and two Bed Rooms nicely furnished. Hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences.

Apply to G. W. ADAIR,
june20—d1f Real Estate Agent.

Watering Places.

Richmond House,

GAINESVILLE..........GEORGIA.

CLEAN and comfortable beds, good and bountiful fare, prompt and polite attention.

Excellent Accommodation

FOR

SUMMER VISITORS

AT

Reduced Rates.

Free transportation for guests and baggage to this house on street cars. Rates of board moderate. Single meal 50 cents. J. B CRAIG,
july7—dtf Proprietor.

NOTICE.

NORCROSS HOTEL, 20 miles northeast of Atlanta, on the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad, where we are prepared to accommodate a few summer boarders. Those desiring large and comfortable rooms, and a delightful climate and the best water N Georgia affords, will do well to stop with us. Atlanta merchants desiring to spend the the day in the city and the night with their families where they can breathe the pure fresh air, will find the trains running to suit their convenience. Our price for board and lodging is as follows: Board, for single day, $2; single week, $8; two weeks or more, $7 per week; per month, where there are two or more, $25 per month, and one occupying a room to himself, $30 per month. Deductions made for large families. J. G. TRAMMELL,
june11—dtf Proprietor.

Railroads

Georgia Railroad Schedule

TO TAKE EFFECT, SUNDAY, APRIL 30, 1876.

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Augusta	8 05 a m
Leaves Atlanta	8 00 a m
Arrives Atlanta	4 00 p m
Arrives Augusta	4 00 p m

Night Passenger Train.

Leaves Augusta	8 20 p m
Leaves Atlanta	10 30 p m
Arrives Atlanta	5 50 a m
Arrives Augusta	7 15 a m

Covington Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 30 p m
Leaves Covington	5 25 a m
Arrives Covington	7 50 a m
Arrives Atlanta	8 00 a m

Centennial Exhibition

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THIS GREAT INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, DESIGNED TO COMMEMORATE the ONE HUNDRETH ANNIVERSARY OF AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE, WILL OPEN MAY 10th AND CLOSE NOVEMBER 10th, 1876 All the Nations of the world and all the States and Territories of the Union will participate, bringing together the most comprehensive collection of art treasures, mechanical inventions, scientific discoveries, manufacturing achievements, mineral specimens, and agricultural products ever exhibited The grounds devoted to the Exhibition are situated on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad and embrace four hundred and fifty acres of Fairmount Park, all highly improved and ornamented, on which are erected the largest buildings ever constucted—five of these covering an area of fifty acres and costing $5,000,000. The total number of buildings erected for the purpose of the Exhibition is over one hundred.

The Pennsylvania Railroad

THE GREAT TRUNK LINE

AND FAST

Mail Route of the United States,

will be most direct, convenient and economical way of reaching Philadelphia and this great Exhibition from all sections of the country. Its trains to and from Philadelphia will pass through a GRAND CENTENNIAL DEPOT, which the Company have erected at the Main Entrance to the Exhibition Grounds for the accommodation of passengers who wish to stop at or start from the numerous large hotels contiguous to this station and the Exhibition—a convenience of the greatest value to visitors, and afforded exclusively by the Pennsylvania Railroad, which is THE ONLY LINE RUNNING DIRECT TO THE CENTENNIAL BUILDINGS. Excursion trains will also stop at the Encampment of the Patrons of Husbandry, at Elm Station, on this road.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD IS THE GRANDEST RAILWAY ORGANIZATION IN THE WORLD. IT CONTROLS SEVEN THOUSAND MILES OF ROADWAY, FORMING CONTINUOUS LINES TO PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE, AND WASHINGTON, OVER WHICH LUXURIOUS DAY AND NIGHT CARS ARE RUN FROM CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI, INDIANAPOLIS, COLUMBUS, TOLEDO, CLEVELAND, AND ERIE, WITHOUT CHANGE.

Its main line is laid with double and third tracks of heavy steel rails, upon a deep bed of broken stone ballast, and its bridges are all of iron or stone. Its passenger trains are equipped with every known improvement for comfort and safety, and are run at faster speed for greater distances than the trains of any line on the continent. The Company has largely increased its equipment for Centennial travel, and will be prepared to build in its own shops locomotives and passenger cars at short notice sufficient to fully accommodate any extra demand. The unequalled resources at the command of the Company guarantee the most perfect accommodation for all its patrons during the Centennial Exhibition.

THE MAGNIFICENT SCENERY for which the Pennsylvania Railroad is so justly celebrated presents to the traveler over its perfect roadway an ever-changing panorama of river, mountain and landscape views unequalled in America.

THE EATING-STATIONS on this line are unsurpassed. Meals will be furnished at suitable hours and ample time allowed for enjoying them.

EXCURSION TICKETS, at reduced rates, will be sold at all principal Railroad Ticket Offices in the West, North-West, South-West.

BE SURE THAT YOUR TICKETS READ VIA THE GREAT PENNSYLVANIA ROUTE TO THE CENTENNIAL.

FRANK THOMPSON, D. M BOYD, JR.,
General Manager. Gen'l Pass'r Agent
may23—d1aw

Miscellaneous.

Lime, Lime, Lime.

SHELBY, ALABAMA AND GEORGIA LIME by barrel and car load. We are general agents for Calera, Shelby, Ala., Lime Works for Georgia and the Carolinas. Analysis of our Shelby 98.65 Our Shelby makes 9 bushels Slacked Lime to the barrel, while no other Lime makes over about 6 We sell at lowest figures. We have special rates of Freight to points in Georgia and the Carolinas

SCIPLES & SONS,
59 Decatur st
june18—dsun-tues&frilm-2dp

SOLID WEALTH!

$600,000 IN GIFTS!

Grandest Scheme ever Presented to the Public!

A FORTUNE FOR ONLY $12.

THE KENTUCKY CASH DISTRIBUTION COMPANY authorized by a special act of the Kentucky Legislature, for the benefit of the *PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF FRANKFORT*, will have the first of their series of Cash Drawings, at MAJOR HALL, in the city of Frankfort, Ky, Thursday, August 31, 1876, on which occasion they will distribute to the ticket-holders the immense sum of

$600,000.

Thos. P. Porter, Ex-Gov. Ky., Gen'l Manager.

POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT!

as we will have a series of Grand Drawings and can not establish the precedent of postponing.

LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift	$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift	50,000
One Grand Cash Gift	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift	20,000
One Grand Cash Gift	10,000
One Grand Cash Gift	5,000
50 Cash Gifts of $1,000 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of 500 each	50,000
00 Cash Gifts of 400 each	40,000
00 Cash Gifts of 300 each	30,000
00 Cash Gifts of 200 each	40,000
600 Cash Gifts of 100 each	60,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of 12 each	120,000
Total, 11,156 Gifts, All Cash	600,000

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole tickets, $12; Halves, $6; Quarters, $3; ¼ Tickets, $100; 27½ Tickets, $300; 46½ Tickets, $500; 95½ Tickets, $1,000. 100,000 Tickets at $12 each.

Hon. E. H. Taylor, Mayor of Frankfort, the entire board of City Councilmen, Hon. Alvin Duvall, late Chief Justice of Kentucky, and other distinguished citizens, together with such disinterested persons as the ticket holders present may designate will superintend the drawing.

Remittances can be made by Express, Draft Post-office Money Order Registered Letter, made payable to Kentucky Cash Distribution Company.

All communications connected with the distribution, and orders for Tickets, should be addressed to

HON. THOS. P. PORTER,
General Manager, Frankfort, Ky.

Tickets for sale by A. C. MORTON, "Westmoreland House," Atlanta, Georgia.
july18—d&w1m

C. BOHNEFELD, Ag't,

Funeral Undertaker

DEALER IN

Metallic Burial Cases

CASKETS AND COFFINS,

Of all sizes and descriptions, Also, Agent for TAYLOR'S CORPSE PRESERVER.

No. 1 DeGive's Opera House, Atlanta.
june4 -d3m

Dry Goods and Carpets.

Cheaper Than Ever!

Grenadines, Black Silks, Marseilles, Piques, Calicoes, Percales, Parasols, Traveling Linens, Bleached Goods, Mattings, Carpets, Shades, Oil Cloths.

No Disappointments!

CALL AT

FORCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.'S.

38 Whitehall Street.

38 WHITEHALL STREET.

Centennial Excursion.

1776. 1876

Centennial Transportation Arrangements

OF THE

GREAT ATLANTIC COAST LINE

FOR

THE ACCOMMODATION OF VISITORS FROM ALL POINTS SOUTH.

The Railways and Steamship Companies between Augusta, Georgia, and Philadelphia, comprising the ATLANTIC COAST LINE, will during the progress of the

Centennial Exhibition of United States,

present for the patronage of the citizens of the South, routes of transportation and forms of tickets upon which to reach Philadelphia, that will immeasurably excel all other lines in point of

Direct Daily Movement,

Comfortable Accommodation,

Variability of Transit,

Economy of Expenditure.

To enable this to be done, the combined resources of the RAILWAY LINES SOUTH OF NORFOLK, together with those of the BALTIMORE STEAM PACKET COMPANY and the OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY will be employed and the individual TOURIST, the social party of ten, twenty or more, or the civic or military organization of 100 or 300, can each be cared for in a manner that will satisfy their desires.

Price Lists, Time Cards and all needful information are now in hands of all Agents of the ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

It will be the interest of every individual and each organization proposing to make this trip to communicate with the undersigned.

A Centennial Exhibition Guide Book as authorized by the Commission will be given to the purchaser of each Centennial Ticket.

A. POPE,

GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT.

Call on or adddress the following Agents of the Atlantic Coast Line:

JONAH H. WHITE, Macon, Ga.,
W. J. WALKER, Montgomery, Alabama.
H. V. TOMKINS, Atlanta.
M. J. DIVINE, Macon.
A. L. REED, Savannah.

may14—dtf

Foundry and Machine Works.

E. Van Winkle,

Founder & Machinist,

MANUFACTURER OF

VAN WINKLE'S PATENT COTTON PRESS,

VAN WINKLE'S PATENT COTTON GIN FEEDERS,

Van Winkle's Patent Cotton Gin Condensers,

Also Cane Mills, Circular Saw Mills, Cob Crushers, Mill Work, Iron Fencing, Iron Building Work and all kinds of Light and Heavy Castings. 16, 18, 20 Foundry Street, ATLANTA, GA.
june3—d4m

Opium Antidote.

Address, DR. S. B. COLLINS, La Porte, Indiana,
For Quarterly Magazine, and Test of Time—Sent Free.

Builders' Supplies.

T. GUERNSEY. GEO. W. REYNOLDS

GUERNSEY & REYNOLDS,

DEALERS IN

SASH, DOORS & BLINDS

AND

BUILDERS' SUPPLIES,

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS TO TRADE.

LOCKS, HINGES, SCREWS, NAILS,
WINDOW GLASS, PAINTS, OILS, PUTTY,
CARPENTERS' TOOLS, PAINT BRUSHES,
LIME, CEMENT, HAIR, &c., &c.

The only complete establishment of the kind in the State.

WAREROOMS: On Second Street, opposite J. W. Burke & Co.,

MACON, GA.

MARRIAGE SECRETS. DR. BOHANNAN'S Marriage Guide illustrated with numerous engravings ... Courtship, Marriage, the Physiological Mysteries and Revelations of the Sexual System, how to cure all kind of Diseases, with hundreds of valuable receipts, who should marry, the impediments to marriage ... Address, Dr. C. A. B..., ... North Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo.

DR. BUTTS' DISPENSARY No. 12 N. Eighth st. ST. LOUIS, MO. Thirty years' experience in the treatment of Sexual and Chronic Diseases of both sexes. Dr. BUTTS' Marriage Guide. A Physiological View of Marriage ... A PRIVATE MEDICAL TREATISE on all diseases of a Private Nature ... Address, Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No. 12 N. 8th st., St. Louis, Mo. (Established 1847.)

ADVERTISING Don't do any ... unless it will cost you nothing and will surely save you money. Address, St. Louis Advertising & Publg Co., St. Louis, Mo.

OUR NEW "UNCLE SAM."

"Reform" is the cry sounding loud thro' the nation,
From Maine to the verge of the West—
From centres of glory and scenes of starvation
The word is no longer a jest.
Our country has long suffered from pillage and plunder,
While trusting each wolf hearted lamb;
But the chains we are wearing we'll soon tear asunder,
When led by our new Uncle Sam.

Let Grant pack his baggage and Babcock attend him;
Let Belknap go join Billy Tweed;
Let Blaine get his champions to cheer and defend him,
And send us some letters to read.
The tide of destruction that runs thro' our land
With Truth and Reform we will dam.
And on the White House with Liberty's band
We'll march with our new Uncle Sam!

His record is proud, and his banner is waving
Beside the bright flag we adore;
The bald eagle guides us and echoes our craving
For men like our leaders of yore.
The Empire State sends out her champion so true,
As strong as a war waving ram;
He needs but your trust, and he'll dare and he'll do,
So cling to our new Uncle Sam.

Let rigmarole spouters and swindling shouters
Slink off with their business undone;
Remember your duty and look not for booty,
With Tilden our fight will be won.
Where wrong deeds are rampant he'll soon raise a storm,
And of Justice he'll ne'er make a sham;
He knows but one maxim, and that is—Reform!
So a cheer for our new Uncle Sam!

JOSEPH P. SKELLY.

—Dr. Holland has made $100,000 from his writings.

—Somebody says that a joyous smile adds an hour to one's life, but it depends upon the kind of smile.

—"You musn't think, boys," remarks one of our leading orators, "that you can slosh around with a hatchet and become great men. If George Washington had used a cheese knife it would have been all the same."

—Rose Eytinge is feeling better than before her recent attempt at suicide. It is a great thing to have stood upon the shining shore and kicked up foam without getting caught in the undertow.—St. Louis Republican.

—Sister: "Well, you know, Bobby, your eye's very much inflamed; you can't go out with Tommy Brown till the speck of dust is out of it." Bobby (anxious to be off): "I'm all right—I know it's out now. I—I think I heard it fall.

—The presence in this country of Don Carlos was still unknown in Madrid on the 1st. of July, and the Spanish newspapers were commenting then on his absence alike from the funeral of his kinsman's child, the little Count of Caserta in Paris, and from the confinement of his own wife at Pau.

—Norristown Herald: A new book, called "Helen's Baby," is said to be very interesting and brimful of fun. Most babies at this season of the year must be stuck brimful of paregoric or there is nothing very interesting about them.

—Mr. John T. Raymond is playing Col. Sellers in San Francisco to the biggest business in the history of the California theatre. The receipts were six thousand dollars for the first three days. It is Mr. Raymond's design to produce "Sevenoaks" during his San Francisco engagement.

—There is an on dit in well informed circles that Mr. Marble, late editor and proprietor of the New York World, is to be married shortly to a handsome and wealthy widow, Mrs. Lombard, who has for a long time been the object of his attentions.

Hotels Etc.

Westminster Hotel.

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

Corner Irving Place and 16th Street, N. Y. One Block from Union Square and Broadway.

This most central, and yet quietest location in the city. Convenient to the great stores, theatres and churches. Elevator and all modern improvements. Easy access to all parts of the city by street cars and stages.

C. B. FERRIN, Proprietor.

apr5— sep17—dly

Markoe House,

American and European Plan,

NINTH CHESTNUT streets, PHILADELPHIA. above Continental Hotel.

H. M. BEIDLER, PROPRIETOR.

J. A. SAMPLE, late of Warm Springs, N C, formerly of Mobile, office and room Clerk.

june27—deod2w

Amagansett House,

AMAGANSETT, L. I.

The Finest Beach in the United States

THIS delightful Summer Resort is now open for the accommodation of visitors. For terms, &c., address GRANT & CORE, Proprietors

arp28—d&w3m

THOMPSON'S RESTAURANT.

Important to the Public.

ON and after Monday, the 20th of March, 1876, I shall adopt the following Bill of Fare at Restaurant for the benefit of the public. I will furnish BREAKFAST from 6 to 9 o'clock a. m., from

25 to 50 cts each.

Dinner from 12 m. to 3 p. m., at from 25 to 50 cents.

Supper from 6 to 9 p. m.. from 25 to 50 cents

Also, I will hereafter furnish all special orders at reduced prices.

mar19—dtf R. G. THOMPSON

Van Horn House,

CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

Just the Right of the Union Depot

Opened January, 1875.

M. D. VAN HORN, Prop'r

CLERKS,

C N. TERRY.. ..A..L F GRISWOLD

Ricks House,

CARTERSVILLE.......................GEORGIA

HAVING leased this splendid three story Brick Hotel, from Mr. Ricks, I have

Newly Furnished & Carpeted

in good style, so as to make my guests comfortable, and propose to keep as good a table as be kept in North Georgia, for $2 per day; single meals 50 cents; by the week, $8. Rooms for families will be arranged in suits. The surroundings are fine, the

Mountain Scenery,

and fine waters, mineral, limestone and free tone, are all convenient. Come and see for ourselves. B. F. COLLINS, Proprietor

Planter's Hotel,

AUGUSTA.............................GEORGIA

THIS well known hotel having been remodeled, enlarged, thoroughly renovated and newly furnished during the summer of 1875, is now open with increased facilities for the accommodation of the traveling public. Special inducements to commercial travelers.

B. F. CHATFIED.....Proprietor.

Also, Proprietor of the Highland Park Hotel,

FOR THE CENTENNIAL.

Southern House,

Central Location,

815 ARCH STREET,

Between 8th and 9th streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

Transient and Permanent Guests French, Italian and Spanish spoken in this house

F. CORRA, Late of Atlanta, Ga.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

We, the delegates of the National Democratic Party of the United States in National Convention assembled, do hereby declare the administration of Federal Government to be in urgent need of reform. We do hereby enjoin upon the nominees of this convention and of the democratic party in each state a zealous effort and co operation to this end, and do hereby appeal to our fellow-citizens of every former political connection to undertake with us this first and most pressing patriotic duty of the democracy of the whole country.

We do here affirm our faith in the permanency of the federal union, our devotion to the constitution of the United States, with its amendments universally accepted as a final settlement of the controversies that engendered civil war, and do here record our steadfast confidence in perpetuity of republican self-government; in absolute acquiescence to the will of the majority—the vital principle of republics—in the supremacy of the civil over the military authority, in the total separation of church and state for the sake alike of civil and religious freedom; in the equality of all citizens before the laws of their own enactment; in the liberty of individual conduct unvexed by sumptuary laws, in the faithful education of the rising generation, that they may preserve, enjoy and transmit these best conditions of human happiness and hope. We behold the noblest products of 100 years of changeful history. But while upholding the bond of our union and great charter of these our rights it behooves a free people to practice also that eternal vigilance which is the price of liberty. Reform is necessary to rebuild and establish in the hearts of the whole people of the union, eleven years ago happily rescued from the danger of a secession of states, but now to be saved from corrupt centralism, which, after inflicting upon ten states the rapacity of carpet-bag tyrannies, has honey-combed the offices of the federal government itself with incapacity, waste and fraud, infected states and municipalities with the contagion of misrule and locked fast the prosperity of an industrious people in the paralysis of hard times.

Reform is necessary to establish a sound currency, restore the public credit and maintain the national honor.

We denounce the failure for all these eleven years to make good the promise of the legal tender notes, which are a changing standard of value in the hands of the people, and the non-payment of which is a disregard of the plighted faith of the nation.

We denounce the improvidence which, in eleven years of peace, has taken from the people in federal taxes thirteen times the amount of the legal tender notes, and squandered four times this sum in useless expense, without accumulating any reserve for their redemption.

We denounce the financial imbecility and immorality of that party which, during eleven years of peace, has made no advance towards resumption, that has instead obstructed resumption by wasting our resources, exhausting all our surplus income and while annually professing to intend a speedy return to specie payments has annually enacted fresh hindrances thereto.

As such a hindrance we denounce the resumption clause of the act of 1875, and we here demand its repeal. We demand a judicious system of preparation by public economies, by official retrenchments, and by wise finance, which shall enable the nation soon to assure the whole world of its perfect ability and its perfect readiness to meet any of its promises at the call of the credit entitled to payment. We believe such a system well devised and above all entrusted to competent hands for execution, creating at no time an artificial scarcity of currency, and at no time alarming the public mind into a withdrawal of that vaster machinery of credit by which ninety five per cent of all business transactions are performed.

A system open, public and inspiring general confidence, would, from the day of its adoption bring healing on its wings to all our harrassed industry and set in motion the wheels of commerce, manufactures and the mechanical arts restore employment to labor, and renew, in all its national source, the prosperity of the people.

Reform is necessary in the sum and mode of federal taxation to the end that capital may be set free from distrust and labor lightly burdened.

We denounce the present tariff, levied upon nearly 4,000 articles, as a masterpiece of injustice, inequality and false pretence. It yields a dwindling not a yearly rising revenue. It has impoverished many industries to subsidize a few. It prohibits imports that might purchase the products of American labor. It has degraded American commerce from the first, to an inferior rank on the high seas. It has cut down the sale of American manufacturers at home and abroad, and depleted the returns of American agriculture, an industry followed by half our people. It costs the people five times more than it produces to the treasury, obstructs the processes of production, and wastes the fruits of labor. It promotes fraud and fosters smuggling, enriches dishonest officials and bankrupts honest merchants.

We demand that all custom house taxation shall be for revenue only.

Reform is necessary in the scale of public expenses federal, state and municipal. Our federal taxation has swollen from $60,000,000 gold, in 1860, to $450,000,000, currency, in 1870; or, in a decade, from less than $5 per head to more than $18 per head.

Since the peace, the people have paid to their tax gatherers more than thrice the sum of the national debt, and more than twice that sum for the federal government alone.

We demand a vigorous frugality in every department and from every officer of the government.

Reform is necessary to put a stop to the profligate waste of public lands and their diversion from actual settlers, by the party in power which has squandered 200,000,000 of acres upon railroads alone, and out of more than thrice that aggregate has disposed of less than a sixth directly to the tillers of the soil.

Reform is necessary to correct the omissions of the republican congress, and the errors of our treaties, and our diplomacy, which have stripped our fellow citizens of foreign birth and kindred race recrossing the Atlantic of the shield of American citizenship, and have exposed our brethren of the Pacific coast to the incursions of a race not sprung from the same great parent stock, and in fact now by law denied citizenship through naturalization, as being neither accustomed to the traditions of a progressive civilization nor exercised in liberty under equal laws.

We denounce the policy which thus discards the liberty loving German, and tolerates the revival of the coolie trade in Mongolian women imported for immoral purposes, and Mongolian men hired to perform servile labor contracts, and demand such modification of the treaty with the Chinese empire, or such legislation by congress within a constitutional limitation as shall prevent the further importation or immigration of the Mongolian race.

Reform is necessary and can never be effected but by making it the controlling issue of the elections and lifting it above the two false issues with which the office-holding class and the party in power seek to smother it—the false issue with which they would enkindle sectional strife in respect to the public schools, of which the establishment and support belongs exclusively to the several states, and which the democratic party has cherished from their foundation, and resolved to maintain without partiality or preference for any class, sect or creed, and without contribution from the treasury to any of them; and the false issue by which they seek to light anew the dying embers of sectional hate between kindred peoples once estrangled but now reunited in one indivisible republican and a common doctrine.

Reform is necessary in the civil service. Experience proves that efficient economical conduct of the governmental business is not possible if its civil service be subject to change at every election, be a prize fought for at the ballot box, be a brief reward of party zeal instead of posts of honor assigned for proved competency and held for fidelity in the public employ; that the dispensing of patronage should neither be a tax upon the time of all our public men nor the instrument of their ambition. Here again professions—falsified in the performance—attest that the party in power can work out no practical or salutary reform.

Reform is necessary even more in the higher grades of the public service. President, vice president, judges, senators, representatives, cabinet officers, these and all others in authority are the people's servants. Their offices are not a private perquisite, they are a public trust. When the annals of the republic show the disgrace and censure of a vice-president; a late speaker of the house of representatives marketing his rulings as a presiding officer; three senators profiting secretly by their votes as lawmakers; five chairmen of the leading committees of the late house of representatives exposed in jobbery; a late secretary of the treasury forcing balances in the public accounts; a late attorney general misappropriating public funds; a secretary of the navy enriched by percentages levied off the profits of contractors with his department; an ambassador to England censured in a dishonorable speculation; the president's private secretary barely escaping conviction upon trial for guilty complicity in frauds upon the revenue; a secretary of war impeached for high crimes and confessed misdemeanors, the demonstration is complete, that the first step in reform must be the people's choice of honest men from another party lest the disease of one political organization infest the body politic, and lest by making no change of men or party we can get no change of measure and no reform.

All these abuses, wrongs and crimes, the product of sixteen years' ascendency of the republican party create a necessity for reform confessed by republicans themselves, but their reformers are voted down in convention and displaced from the cabinet. The party's mass of honest voters are powerless to resist the 80,000 officeholders, its leaders and guides.

Reform can only be had by a peaceful civic revolution. We demand a change of system a change of administration, a change of parties, that we may have a change of measures and of men.

Assignee's Notice

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia. In the matter of A. O Spiegel—Bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks that I have been appointed assignee of estate of A. O Spiegel, of Fulton county, Georgia, within said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon her own petition, by the United States District Court for said District.

WILLIAM RICH, Assignee

june22—d1aw3w

Notice in Bankruptcy.

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of John T. Peddy Bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks that I have been appointed assignee of the estate of John T. Peddy, of the county of Troup, in said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition by the the United States District Court for said District.

W. A TURNER, Assignee.

july1—d1aw3w

Oak Posts,

Poplar Lumber,

Pine Lumber.

For sale by [C]UNNINGHAM.

May 25, 1876—dtf

Special Notices.

Thrash's Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer.

CENTRAL RAILROAD & BANK'G CO., OF GEORGIA, ATLANTA, GA., June 4th, 1876.

Messrs. J. T. Thrash & Co., Griffin, Ga.:

GENTS—Please send me (as before) one largest size bottle of your "Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer"—free to same. It is the only remedy now extant for consumption and diseased throat and lungs. Other remedies, so numerously recommended, are but temporary palliatives, that do any good but for a short time, whilst your Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer gives relief at once and will permanently cure. My experience with remedies for the relief of the throat and lungs probably exceeds that of but very few persons, physicians or otherwise. I have been very near the point of dissolution of soul from its afflicted tenement; and have used every remedy ever heard of; the effect appeared only to procrastinate the sufferings of my mortal existence. Seeing Dr. Lovic Pierce's certificate of your medicine, and being well acquainted with the reverend doctor for nearly forty years, and consequently knew well his afflictions, concluded that your remedy might do me good, at least I had never used it, and as I had used every other remedy known or heard of, concluded at once to give it a trial. I sent to you for a bottle, as you are aware, and after using it, I purchased more from Messrs. Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, of this city. Before the first was exhausted I was fully convinced of its good effects; and after one about the time of the use of the last two, I could speak easily, and could sing; a thing I could not have done for three years or longer; and have been able to lie down comfortably and sleep soundly, a comfort that I had not enjoyed for a long time. I have been using the remedy about twenty days, and unhesitatingly certify that it is a *cure for consumption* and all affections of the throat. My lungs commenced exhibiting signs of disease in March, 1858, the result of *measles*, a cough ensued and continued to grow worse. April, 1874, I was so feeble that I could not attend to business of any sort, and was forced to give up and come to Atlanta that I might be near my good old mother to breathe out my last on earth; the *never-tiring* attention of *that mother* and your *Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer* has saved me and I now feel as if my life might be spared me several years longer, Indian remedies, German remedies, and French remedies to the contrary. Respectfully,

JOHN H. MEAD.

For sale by Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, Pinson & Holt, and Theo Schumann.

june23—deod&wtf

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Vital weakness or depression: a weak exhausted feeling, no energy or courage: the result of **mental over-work, indiscretion or excesses,** or some drain upon the system, is always cured by HUMPHREYS' HOMOEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy—stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands Sold by dealers Price, $1.00 per single vial, or $5 00 per package of five vials and $2 00 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINE COMPANY, 562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

june23—deod&wly

THE MILD POWER CURES

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS

Been in general use for twenty years. Everywhere proved the most SAFE, SIMPLE, ECONOMICAL and EFFICIENT medicines known. They are just what the people want, saving time and money averting sickness and suffering. Each single specific the well tried prescription of an eminent physician.

Nos.	Cures.	Cents.
1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations,	50
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	50
3.	Crying-Colic, or Teething of Infants,	50
4.	Diarrhœa, of Children or Adults,	50
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic,	50
6.	Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting,	50
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,	50
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache,	50
9.	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	50
10.	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach,	50
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	50
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	50
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	50
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	50
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	50
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Agues,	50
17.	Piles, blind or bleeding,	50
18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	Catarrh, Acute or Chronic Influenza,	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, Violent Coughs,	50
21.	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing,	50
22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing,	50
23.	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy and Scanty Secretions,	50
26.	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding,	50
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, or Involuntary Discharges,	1 00
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	50
30.	Urinary Weakness, Wetting the Bed,	50
31.	Painful Periods, with Spasms,	50
32.	Sufferings at Change of Life,	1 00
33.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1 00
34.	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat,	50
35.	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions,	50

FAMILY CASES.

Case (Morocco) with above **35 large** vials and Manual of Directions, $10 00

Case (Morocco) of 20 large vials and Book, 6 00

These remedies are sent by the case or single vial to any part of the country, free of charge, on receipt of price. Address

Humphreys' Specific Homeopathic Medicine Co.,

Office and Depot, No. 562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

For Sale by all Druggists.

COLLIER & VENABLE, THEO. SCHUMANN, Agents for Atlanta.

juen23—deod&wly-n-t-r-m

WM TRAUTWEIN,

No. 22 Mitchell Street,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

I am prepared to do any kind of work in

Plumbing, Gas & Steam Fitting.

COPPER,

Brass, Sheet Iron and Tin.

All orders promptly attended to.

july16—d1m

Childrens' Carriages, Velocipedes, Hobby Horses Toy Wagons & Circular Swings or Flying Dutchmen We have made these machines and sent them throughout the country for the last twenty years, and have complete patterns, making any size from eight horses and two carriages, to twelve horses and four carriages. Parties wishing to purchase can address manufacturers. P. J. MARQUA & CO. Cincinnati, O

july16 1ȧt

WINSHIP IRON WORKS

SAW MILLS, GRIST MILLS

MILL GEARING

SHAFTING, PULLEYS &C.

HORSE POWERS SORGHUM MILLS

THE CELEBRATED

WINSHIP COTTON GIN

THE WINSHIP COTTON PRESS

FOR STEAM, HORSE OR HAND POWER

ADDRESS WINSHIP & BRO

SEND FOR CIRCULARS ATLANTA GA.

DIVORCES quietly obtained for incompatibility, &c. Legal everywhere. Affidavits sufficient proof. Fee after decree. Address (with stamp) R. S. MARVYN, 85 Washington Street, Chicago, Ill.

june10—d&w1m

Business Property for Sale

CONTINUED bad health and blindness, advises me to seek a more quiet home than Atlanta, therefore, I offer again my business houses in Granite Block for sale Under the pressure of the times I propose to sell in four payments—(¼) one-fourth cash, balance in three, six and nine months, at 7 per cent interest. Would sell front side on railroad on same terms. For particulars, price, &c., call on the subscriber or G. W. Adair, Atlanta.

July 7, 1876—d1w S. W. LEE.

Railroads.

Atlanta & Richmond AIR-LINE RAILWAY.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

COMMENCING

Sunday June 4th, 1876

LEAVE ATLANTA:

2:00 p. m. Daily—Through Express Passenger.
5:00 p. m. Daily (except Sunday)—New Holland Passenger.
6:50 a. m. Daily (except Sunday)—Freight and Accommodation.

ARRIVE ATLANTA:

1:30 p. m. Daily—Through Express Passenger.
9:00 a. m. all (except Sunday)—New Holland Passenger.
7:30 p. m. (except Sunday)—Freight and Accommodation.

Express Passenger Trains going East make close connections at Danville for Lynchburg, Washington, and all Eastern Cities, and at Richmond for Washington and all Eastern cities, arriving at all points East, by either line.

Ten Hours in Advance

of trains leaving Atlanta, in the evening, by any other line.

Express Passenger Train: Way make close connections at Richmond and Danville with trains leaving New York at 9 p. m., arriving in Atlanta

Nine Hours in Advance

of any other line.

Entire Trains, including SLEEPERS and PARLOR CARS, will run through to Richmond without change. Passengers holding through tickets will be entitled to privilege of Parlor cars without extra charge.

JOHN B. PECK, Superintendent.

june4—dtf

Western & Atlantic Railroad Co.

In effect April 30, 1876.

No. 1—Daily.	
Leave Atlanta	4:10 p m
Leave Cartersville	6:24 p m
Leave Kingston	6:53 p m
Arrive at Dalton	8:32 p m
Arrive at Chattanooga	10:16 p m
No. 3—Daily	
Leave Atlanta	5:40 a m
Leave Cartersville	7:38 a m
Leave Kingston	8:27 a m
Arrive at Dalton	10:08 a m
Arrive Chattanooga	11:55 a m
No. 2—Daily,	
Leave Chattanooga	4:00 p m
Leave Dalton	5:41 p m
Arrive Kingston	7:21 p m
Arrive Cartersville	7:51 p m
Arrive Atlanta	10:10 p m
No. 4—Daily.	
Leave Chattanooga	5:10 a m
Leave Dalton	7:09 a m
Arrive Kingston	8:57 a m
Arrive Cartersville	9:32 m
Arrive Atlanta	11:52 a m
No. 11—Daily, Sundays excepted.	
Leave Atlanta	1. m
Leave Cartersville	10:21 a m
Leave Kingston	10:53 a m
Arrive Dalton	1:05 p m
No. 12—Daily except Sunday.	
Leave Chattanooga	10:20 p m
Leave Dalton	12:59 a m
Leave Kingston	4:18 a m
Leave Cartersville	5:11 a m
Arrive Atlanta	9:45 a m

B W. WRENN, G.P. Agt. W & A R R.

ap30-dtf

Central & Southwestern RAILROADS.

SAVANNAH, GA., April 16, 1876.

ON and after Sunday, June 11 passenger trains on the Central and Southwestern Railroads and branches will run as follows:

TRAIN NO. 1—GOING NORTH AND WEST	
Leaves Savannah	9 15 a m
Leaves Augusta	9 05 a m
Arrives at Augusta	5 00 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 15 p m
Leaves Macon for Columbus	6 50 p m
Leaves Macon for Atlanta	9 16 p m
Arrives at Columbus	12 38 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 02 a m

Making close connections at Columbus with Western Railroad for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans &c. Sleeping cars run through Macon to Montgomery. At Atlanta with Western and Atlantic, and Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line for all points North and Northwest.

COMING SOUTH AND EAST.	
Leaves Atlanta	10 40 p m
Arrives at Macon from Atlanta	5 45 a m
Leaves Macon	7 30 a m
Leaves Augusta	9 05 a m
Arrives at Milledgeville	10 00 a m
Arrives at Eatonton	11 55 a m
Arrives at Augusta	5 00 p m
Arrives at Savannah	5 25 p m
TRAIN NO. 2—GOING NORTH AND WEST.	
Leaves Savannah	7 30 p m
Leaves Augusta	8 05 p m
Arrives at Augusta	6 00 a m
Arrives at Milledgeville	10 00 a m
Arrives at Eatonton	11 55 a m
Arrives at Macon	8 07 a m
Leaves Macon for Columbus	9 12 a m
Leaves Macon for Eufaula	8 25 a m
Leaves Macon for Albany	8 25 a m
Leaves Macon for Atlanta	8 40 a m
Arrives at Columbus	5 50 p m
Arrives at Eufaula	4 15 p m
Arrives at Albany	2 28 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	2 16 p m

Train on this schedule for Eufaula Atlanta and Albany daily. For Columbus, daily except Sunday.

Albany train connects with Atlantic and Gulf Railroad trains at Albany daily, and will run through to Arlington on Blakely Extension Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

Trains for Eufaula connect with the Fort Gaines train at Cuthbert for Fort Gaines daily except Sunday.

COMING SOUTH AND EAST.	
Leaves Atlanta	1 40 p m
Leaves Columbus	2 10 a m
Leaves Eufaula	8 10 a m
Leaves Albany	10 10 a m
Arrives at Macon from Atlanta	6 55 p m
Arrives at Macon from Columbus	6 55 a m
Arrives at Macon from Eufaula and Albany	4 40 p m
Leaves Macon	7 35 p m
Leaves Augusta	8 05 p m
Arrives at Augusta	6 00 a m
Arrives at Savannah	7 15 p m

Passengers for Milledgeville and Eatonton will take train No. 2 from Savannah and Augusta and train No. 1 from points on the Southwestern Railroad, Atlanta and Macon. The Milledgeville and Eatonton train runs daily, Mondays excepted.

WILLIAM ROGERS, General Supt. Central Railroad, Savannah.

VIRGIL POWERS, General Supt. Southwestern Railroad, Macon

Atlanta and West Point Railroad TIME TABLES.

To take effect Saturday, July 1st, 1876, 2:00 A. M.

STATIONS.	ARRIVE	LEAVE
No. 1 Noon Mail and Pass'ger Train—Out		
Atlanta		1:35 p m
East Point	1:55	1:55
Red Oak	2:11	2:16
Fairburn	2:31	2:51
Palmetto	3:06	3:07
Powell's	3:27	3:27
Newnan	3:42	3:43
Puckett's	3:57	4:01
Grantville	4:16	4:17
Hogansville	4:31	4:32
Whitfield's	4:51	4:51
LaGrange	5:08	5:09
Long Cane	5:32	5:32
West Point	5:51	
No. 2 Evening Mail and Pass. Train—In		
West Point		10:56 a m
Long Cane	11:10	11:10
LaGrange	11:36	11:37
Whitfield's	11:54	11:54
Hogansville	12:11	12:12
Grantville	12:26	12:27
Puckett's	12:42	12:45
Newnan	12:59	1:00
Powell's	1:14	1:14
Palmetto	1:32	1:33
Fairburn	1:47	2:02
Red Oak	2:16	2:19
East Point	2:34	2:34
Atlanta	2:51	
No. 3. Day Freight Train—Outward.		
Atlanta		7:00 a m
East Point	7:25	7:35
Red Oak	7:50	7:55
Fairburn	8:20	8:25
Palmetto	8:50	8:55
Powell's	9:30	9:35
Newnan	10:00	11:10
Puckett's	10:35	12:40
Grantville	11:00	10:10
Hogansville	11:45	11:13
Whitfields	12:53	12:53 p m
LaGrange	1:23	1:35
Long Cane	2:20	2:20
West Point	2:50	
No. 4. Day Freight Train—Inward.		
West Point		2:00 a m
Long Cane	2:25	2:25
LaGrange	3:05	3:10
Whitfield	3:40	3:40
Hogansville	4:10	4:15
Grantville	4:45	4:50
Puckett's	5:13	5:20
Newnan	5:45	5:50
Powell's	6:15	6:15
Palmetto	6:55	7:00
Fairburn	7:25	7:30
Red Oak	7:55	8:00
East Point	8:25	8:36
Atlanta	8:50	

Nos. 1 and 2 will run daily. Nos. 3 and 4 daily except Sunday.

L. P. GRANT, Superintendent.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of John D. Dunn, Bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks that I have been appointed assignee of the estate of John D. Dunn, of the county of Merriwether, in said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon this own petition by the United States District Court for said District

W. A. TURNER, Assignee.

july1—d1aw3w

Horse Powers, Cotton Presses, &c.

CROCKETT'S IRON WORKS.

MANUFACTURERS AND

CROCKETT'S Celebrated PORTABLE HORSE POWERS

The best Power made for Ginning and Threshing. It runs light, and never breaks. Price, $110.

CROCKETT'S IMPROVED COTTON PRESS!

PRICE, $110.

Steam Engines, Saw, Grist and Flour Mills, Sugar Mills, Kettles,

GIN GEARING, from 9 to 12 feet,

Trundle Heads or Pinions, of all sizes, Pipes, Cocks, Valves, Elbows, &c.

IRON RAILING!

Suitable for all places and purposes.

Brass and Iron Casting of All Kinds

MADE TO ORDER. REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS DONE PROMPTLY.

For further particulars, and Price List, address

E CROCKETT & SONS, MACON, GEORGIA.

july6—d2tawtf

Fulton Sheriff's Sales for September.

WILL be sold before the court house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in September, 1876, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

A lot of type, material, engine and boiler, fixtures and furniture, now stored in the basement of the Times office, No. 33 on Broad street, Atlanta, Georgia. Levied on as the property of Abrams & Fitzpatrick, by virtue of and to satisfy a mortgage fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of R. Toombs vs. Abrams & Fitzpatrick. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney, and in mortgage fi fa.

A. M. PERKERSON, Sheriff

july11—d1amtd

Fulton Sheriff's Sales for August.

WILL be sold before the court house door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in August next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

Lots in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, and State of Georgia, known as Nos. 8 and 8, each having a front of fifty feet on the east side of Humphries street, and running back same width 125 feet, lot number 18, having a front of fifty feet on Robbins street and running same width 175 feet, and in block four and land lot 85; also, that city lot lying south of and adjoining John A Doane's residence lot, having a front of 122 feet on east side of Peters street, and running back 315 feet, more or less, to the right of way of the Macon and Western Railroad, and all under enclosure by a heavy plank fence, and a part of original land lot No. 85, in said county. Levied on as the property of John A. Doane, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of John G. Reynolds vs. John A. Doane. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney, and sold for the purchase money.

Also, at the same time and place, the half undivided interest in the north half of land lot number seventeen, in the 17th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of Wm D Reeves, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from the Superior Court of Fulton county, at the suit of William Ezzard and John Collier vs. W D Reeves.

A. M. PERKERSON, Sheriff.

Marshal's Sale for August 1, 1876.

WILL be sold before the City Hall door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, between the legal hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in August, 1876:

Four Billiard Tables. Levied on as the property of David Paris, colored, for Registration Tax due the city of Atlanta, for 1876.

WM. H. HOLCOMBE, Marshal.

july4—d1aw4w

DR. RICE,

No. 37 Court Place,

Louisville, Kentucky.

A REGULARLY Educated and legally qualified Physician and the most successful as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of **Private, Chronic and Sexual Diseases.**

Spermatorrhœa and Impotency as the result of self-abuse in youth or sexual excesses in maturer years or other causes, and producing some of the following effects Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, (night emissions by dreams,) Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, etc., rendering **marriage unhappy or improper,** are thoroughly and permanently cured. **Syphilis** positively and entirely eradicated from the system. **Gonorrhœa,** Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, (or Rupture), Piles and other Private Diseases quickly cured!

It is self evident that a physician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact, often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by express or mail everywhere.

Consultation personally or by letter, free and invited. Charges reasonable, and correspondence strictly confidential.

Address as above.

A Private Counsellor

of 200 pages sent to any address (securely sealed for thirty cents. Should be read by all.

Office hours from 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sundays, 2 to 4 p. m.

feb20— [j]une5-d&w

A GREAT DISCOVERY.

By the use of which every family may give their Linen that brilliant polish peculiar to fine laundry work. Saving time and labor in ironing, more than its entire cost. Warranted. Ask for Dobbins'.

DOBBINS, BRO. & CO., 13 N. Fourth st., Philadelphia.

P. & G. T. DODD & CO., Sole Agents, Atlanta.

mar21-d&wtf

WM. E. TANNER. ALEX' DELANY

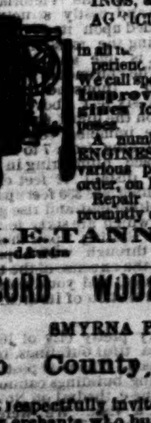
NORTON C. NEWTON,

METROPOLITAN WORKS,

CANAL STREET,

FROM SIXTH TO SEVENTH,

Richmond, Va.



ENGINES, PORTABLE AND STATIONARY,

SAW-MILLS, GRIST-MILLS, BOILERS, CASTINGS OF BRASS and IRON, FORGINGS, &c.

AGRICULTURAL IRON WORKS,

in all its branches, done by experienced hands

We call special attention to our Improved Portable Engines for agricultural purposes.

A number of second-hand ENGINES and BOILERS of various paterns, in first-rate order, on hand.

Repair work solicited promptly done.

WM. E. TANNER & CO.

may23—d&wtf

CONCORD WOOLEN MILLS

SMYRNA P. O.

Cobb County, Georgia.

WE respectfully invite the attention of Merchants who buy their Dry Goods in Atlanta, to carefully examine our

Jeans and Cassimeres.

You will find them the best goods of their kind in the market.

We Solicit Comparison.

Encourage home industry and Southern enterprise and keep your money at home. We keep a full supply on hand at the Factory, and Messrs. Silvey & Dougherty, Moore, Marsh & Co., and M. C. & J. F. Kiser & Co., who keep a full line of our goods at wholesale at Factory prices.

oct24—dtf RICE, LOVE & PORTER.

Fulton Sheriff's Sales for August.

WILL be sold before the court house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia on the first Tuesday in August, 1876, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

All that tract of land in the city of Atlanta, fronting Neal on Spring street 84 feet, and running back east along Simpson street 100 feet, being bounded on the north by Simpson street, and West Spring street. Said tract of land being part of land lot No 78, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county. Levied on as the property of T W Bidgood and Leah H. Bidgood, by virtue of and to satisfy five fi fas issued from the justice's court of the 1026th district, G. M., in favor of John Neal vs T W Bidgood and Leah H. Bidgood. Levies made by J R Thompson, L. C., and handed to me.

Also, at the same time and place, a city lot in the city of Atlanta, situated on the north east corner of a block known as Ellis' garden, fronting fifty feet on Fort street in the fourth ward of said city and extending back along Houston street, same width, one hundred and fifty feet (it being a corner lot) being part of land lot No. 51 in the fourteenth district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga. Levied on as the property of W. D. Ellis by virtue of and to satisfy two fi fas issued from the justice's court of the 1234th district, G M. One in favor of Banks & Dorsey, and one in favor of A. C & B. F. Wyly, each against W. D. Ellis; also to satisfy a state and county tax fi fa against W. D. Ellis for the year 1874.

Also, at the same time and place a part of land lot No 15 in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga. commencing at the northwest corner of said land lot No 15, running east along the north line of said lot to the width of the common road leading to Lurand's mill, thence southwesterly along the middle of said road to a stake, along the west line of said lot, thence along the west line to the beginning containing thirty acres more or less. Said land being vacant at date of levy, August 2, 1869. Levied on as the property of James T Lewis by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton Inferior court in favor of Cicero H Chandler vs. James T Lewis, maker, and Thomas M Clark, endorser. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorneys.

Also, at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the state of Georgia, fronting on the south side of Mitchell street, 57 feet immediately west of W F Clarke's lot and running back on a straight line fronting Mitchell street 81 feet on the southeastern side, thence running in a parallel line with the front 83 feet, thence running on a diagonal line 19 feet to an alley ten feet wide, thence running on a straight line toward Mitchell street to a point 28 feet from front, thence on a parallel line with the front 21 feet, and thence on a straight line towards Mitchell street 24 feet, adjoining McArthur's property, and being part of land lot No 77 of the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county. Levied on as the property of John F Ross by virtue of and to satisfy a mortgage fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Lizzie R Guilford vs John F Ross. Property pointed out in mortgage fi fa.

Also, at the same time and place all that lot or parcel of land in the 17th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, known and distinguished in the plan of said district as part of land lot No 191 and bounded as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of said lot, running west to the railroad, thence to the first branch west, thence down said branch until it will include eighty-one acres of said lot. Levied on as the property of George Edwards by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of John Ellsworth vs George Edwards. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney.

Also, at the same time and place, three city lots Nos. 12, 14 and 16, in the city of Atlanta, Ga., and all improvements thereon, said lots front 60 feet, more or less, on Alabama street, and run back on Broad street 100 feet, more or less, said property is known as the Atlanta News association office. Levied on as the property of Emily Roberts, by virtue of and to satisfy three fi fas issued from the justice's court of the 1026th district G M, in favor of Stephens & Flynn vs Emily Roberts. Levies made by Frank D Little, L C, and handed to me.

Also, at the same time and place, a certain house and lot in the city of Atlanta, situated on Tan Yard Alley leading from Peachtree street to Tan Yard, and now occupied by defendant, containing one half of an acre, more or less. Levied on as the property of W B B Richards, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of John Collier and P L Mynatt vs W B B Richards. Property pointed out in fi fa.

Also, at the same time and place, the following several tracts of land situated lying and being in the city of Atlanta, in Fulton county, and State of Georgia, and known and distinguished in the plan of city of Atlanta, as the following described lots: First—A lot or moiety of lot, known as No. 128, fronting 112 feet on Marietta street and running back 100 feet, and is computed to contain one-half acre, more or less. Second—A small fraction of land in the rear of said lot No. 128 and extends back to the street originally known as Grubb street, the same width as the front part of lot or part of lot No. 128 above described, to-wit: 112 feet, and also a part of city lot No. 128, as follows: bounded commencing at the north west corner of lot No. 128, and extending along the front line of said lot No. 129 on the line of the street about 71 feet to a stake about two feet north of a big oak, thence in an easterly direction about 160 feet to a fence post and stake on the line of 128, thence along the line of said lot to the beginning. Third—A fractional part of said lot No. 129, fronting 60 feet on Marietta street and running back in a triangular shape to a post on said lot No. 128, being a part of and lot No. 78, being the house and premises whereon B. H. Thrasher lived on the 16th of April 1874. All levied on as the property of B. H. Thrasher and A. M. Thrasher, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor J. C. Davis vs. B. H. Thrasher and A. M. Thrasher. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorneys and sold for the purchase money.

Also at the same time and place, two city lots in the fourth ward of the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., being part of land lot No. 45 in the fourteenth district of said county, being lots Nos 31 and 32 of the subdivision of the Fitzgerald property, lot No. 32 fronting forty nine feet on Decatur street, and running back along Rolling Mill street same width one hundred and twenty feet, and lot No. 31 fronting on Decatur street forty nine feet and running back same width one hundred and twenty feet, bounded west by lot No. 32 and east by lot No. 30, levied on as the property of Sallie M. and Michael Fitzgerald by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from the justice court of the 1234th district G. M. in favor of W. C. Lawshe vs Sallie M. and Michael Fitzgerald. Levy made by J. D. Fagan L. C., and handed to me.

A. M. PERKERSON, Sheriff

ARTHUR C. FORD, DENTIST

69 Crew Street, Atlanta, Ga.

McDonough Street Cars pass the door.

Fulton Sheriff's Sales for State and County Tax for 1875.

WILL be sold before the court house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., on the first Tuesday in August next, within the legal hours of sale the following property for state and county tax for the year 1875, to-wit:

One Cottrell and Babcock printing press, now in the Franklin printing office. As the property of the Southern Publishing Company.

Also, at the same time and place, seventy-five acres of land lot No. 234 of the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, and known as the lands of the defendant. As the property of Chas. A. Howell.

Also at the same time and place, a lot or parcel of land lying and being in the county of Fulton and state of Georgia, being part of land lot No 81 in the 14th district of said county containing eleven acres more or less, bounded on the north by the Western & Atlantic railroad, west by Edwards and Powell's lands, south Landis' and east by Salacca's lands, together with the improvements on the same. As the property of George W Furney.

Also at the same time and place, a lot on Tatnall street in the first ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Jennings and Baldwin, part of land lot No 109 14th district of Fulton county Georgia, containing one-eighth acre more or less. As the property of Archie M Turner.

Also at the same time and place, a lot and house No 1-5 on Davis and Foundry street in the 5th ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Lawson, part of land lot No 83 14th district of Fulton county Georgia, containing one acre more or less. As the property of J G Pounds.

Also at the same time and place, a lot and houses No 220 and 222 on Peters street in the first ward of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Fuller, part of land lot No 77 14th district of Fulton county Georgia, containing one-fourth acre more or less. As the property of Eubanks & Bro.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot and the improvements on the same consisting of a large two story framed dwelling and out buildings, fronting on Peters street and extending back to the right of way of the Macon and Western railroad, bounded by the property of Fuller and an alley, it being part of land lot No 77, in the 14th district of Fulton county and containing three acres more or less and now occupied by the defendant as the property of John A. Doane.

C. W. WELLS, Deputy Sheriff.

Miscellaneous.

Florida Free Lands

CHOICE HOMESTEADS

IN

ORANGE COUNTY

—WITHIN—

Three Miles of Railroad Transportat'n

Lands Unsurpassed for Fruits and Farming.

OFFICE SOUTH FLORIDA LAND AGENCY, FORT MASON, Orange County Florida.

THE undersigned have entered into a business arrangement for the purpose of locating settlers on the public lands (either the United States or State) in this and adjoining counties.

Located in the most delightful portions of Orange county, in a section of territory conceded by all to be the best adapted to the culture of the orange and kindred fruits, and thoroughly acquainted with all the lands in this vicinity, we are better able to give information concerning the lands still vacant than any others engaged in the land business in this county.

The railroad now in course of construction connecting the St. John's river at Lake George with Lakes Harris, Eustis, Griffin, Dora and the other headwater lakes of the Oclawaha river, will furnish all the surrounding lands with ample transportation facilities and place settlers within easy distance of the Northern and Eastern markets.

The Climatic Advantages

of this section of territory are so well known as scarcely to need recapitulation. Vegetables and tropical fruits can be grown throughout the year without danger from cold. The severest frosts of this lake region do not injure vegetation, as was proven during the past winter, when the frosts killed early vegetables at considerable distances south of us and left this region untouched—not a blade of grass being injured.

Homesteads near the Railroad.

We are now prepared to locate settlers on the public lands in close proximity to the railroad One of the undersigned (Mr JOHN S. BANKS), has just completed a thorough survey of a large tract of United States lands, situated at from three to six miles distance from the railroad These lands are not only admirably adapted to the culture of oranges, but are also excellent for farming purposes, and can be easily brought into cultivation, the old settlers in the vicinity raising an abundant supply of corn, cotton, sugar, etc., upon them.

Get a Homestead Now.

Parties who propose settling in Florida will find it greatly to their advantage to obtain to homesteads during the summer months, and thus avoid the rush of the fall months. Those desiring to locate near the railroad can obtain

One Hundred and Sixty Acres Free

if their entry is made before the completion of the road After its completion, which will be some time this coming fall, they will not be permitted to enter more than eighty acres. Persons locating during this summer can also get their lands in readiness for a crop of early vegetables next winter, and thus be enabled to realize a profit from the lands immediately. We are now

Prepared to Locate Homesteads,

singly or in colonies, at moderate rates, and in every case we guarantee complete satisfaction. No lands will be located by us until one of us have thoroughly surveyed them, and in all cases our patrons shall be given the best tracts of which we have any knowledge, without favoritism or partiality being shown to any one.

State Lands.

We are also prepared to locate, survey and purchase any desired quantity of State lands, and will perform this work either for a specified price in money or for an agreed upon per centum of land. We now have some choice pieces of State land marked out on our maps, which have been surveyed by us, and which are among the best lands of this State.

Further Details

can be obtained by addressing (with stamp enclosed for reply) the undersigned. Prompt attention given to all letters. Address

BANKS & ST. CLAIR-ABRAMS, Fort Mason, Orange county, Florida.

To My Friends in Georgia, Alabama and South Carolina.

In response to many letters received by me, I have entered into a business arrangement with Mr JOHN S. BANKS for the purpose of locating settlers on the public lands of this and adjoining counties. Mr. BANKS is a practical surveyor of many years' experience, and posseses a thorough knowledge of the public lands, having been United States Register of Public Lands in this State. We have explored and surveyed a considerable tract of these lands, and we are now prepared to locate settlers on

Choice Homesteads.

Many persons have written me expressing a desire to move to this State during the present year. These I would advise to OBTAIN THEIR HOMESTEADS NOW. In the fall months the rush of Northern settlers is so great that it is difficult to obtain choice homesteads; whereas, at present the travel is light, and one can select a place with greater ease In addition, the large tract of homestead lands contiguous to the railroad, recently surveyed and opened up for settlement by Mr. BANKS, if not entered this summer, will inevitably be taken up by the first influx of Northern travelers next fall. As my desire (without prejudice to Northern settlers) is to locate the numerous citizens of the States above named on choice homesteads, while able to do so, I urge them to make the selections at once, and thus secure valuable and eligible homes in this State.

ALEX ST. CLAIR-ABRAMS. Fort Mason, Orange county, Florida.

july18—dtues&thurs3mo

Miss Lucia Zarate.

This wonderful young lady will be on exhibition until

Thursday, the 20th inst,

at No. 4 Wall street, from 9 to 12 in the morning, and from 4 to 8 p. m. She is 12 years old, weighs only 5 pounds, and measures 20 inches high.

july16—d4t

Origin of Man.

A LITTLE BOOK of 47 pages. Consists of an argument proving the PRE-EXISTENCE of the human Soul, a reply to DARWINIANISM, SPIRITUALISM, &c., &c. By James P. Simmons, of Norcross, Georgia.

Regular price, 25 cents. But to all PREACHERS of the Gospel, 10 cents. Postage paid. Liberal deduction made to Book Dealers. For sale by Phillips & Crew, and J. B. Scarratt, Atlanta, Ga.

july4—d1m

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE "ONLY GOOD SAUCE," And applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851. "Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

Worcestershire Sauce

LEA & PERRINS' SIGNATURE is ON EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, NEW YORK.

july14—d1awly,e2sun

PAINTING & GRAINING

D. P. HOLLOWAY IS PREPARED TO DO all kinds of

House and Sign Painting

Also, GRAINING and respectfully solicits orders for the same in city and country. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, second door from the corner of Alabama and Pryor streets, next Station House.

RHEUMATISM.

ONE (1) BOTTLE OF

Dr. Russell's Rheumatic Remedy

WILL always cure an attack of Inflammatory Rheumatism, if taken within 10 or 15 days after the attack occurs. Price, $5 per pint bottle. 43 Broad street, Atlanta, Georgia.

jan25—d6m&thp

Business Directory.

E. DOVER, Practical Slater,

16 Broad Street, near the Bridge, ATLANTA..........GEORGIA.

PLAIN and Ornamental Slating done at the lowest prices. A large assortment of the Best Roofing Slates and of Different Colors always on hand. Slating done in any part of the State. Slate roofs repaired. All my work is warranted for two years. Orders from city and country solicited.

mar10,1876—dly

Similia Similibus Curantur

DR. J. M. BARKS.

Homœopathist.

OFFICE, 32 Whitehall street, up-stairs. Residence 198 Thompson street.

July12,1876—dly

L. L. THOMASSON,

DEALER IN

Grain, Hay, Bacon, Lard,

FLOUR, &c. Market street, Chattanooga, Tennessee. New Fire-proof Warehouse at foot of Market street. apr30,1876—dly

Dentists.

HOLLAND & CRENSHAW,

DENTISTS.

Office, 23 Whitehall street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

june17, 1876—dly

L. D. CARPENTER, Dentist,

NO. 47 WHITEHALL STREET, Atlanta, Georgia.

Lawyers.

J. S. JAMES,

Attorney at Law,

DOUGLASVILLE, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the county of Douglas and adjoining counties. Collections made a specialty. By permission refers to John. H. James, Banker Atlanta, Ga.; Hon. J. M. James, Ordinary of Douglas, and J. C. Dorsett, Clerk Superior Court of Douglas county.

dec10, 1875—d&wly2m

W. L. MARLER. HENRY PERRY.

MARLER & PERRY,

Attorneys at Law,

GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA.

SPECIAL attention given to collections. Will practice in the courts of Hall, Jackson, Banks Dawson, Lumpkin, White and Rabun counties.

june20,1876—dly

H. W. BALDWIN,

Attorney at Law,

MADISON, GEORGIA.

REFERENCES—Dr. Jno. B. Minor, Prof. Law Univ. Va; Hon. A. H. Stephens, Judge Augustus Reese, Judge Geo. T Bartlett, Col Geo. W. Adair.

june9—dtf

POPE BARROW,

Attorney at Law,

ATHENS, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the counties of Clarke, Jackson, Oconee, Madison, Oglethorpe and Wilkes. Collections made and promptly remitted.

jan25, 1876—dly

JOHN V. EDGE,

Attorney at Law,

DOUGLASSVILLE, GA.

WILL practice in Douglas, Campbell, Carrol and Paulding counties, and adjoining counties by contract. Special attention given to collections

june22, 1876—d6mo

JACKSON & THOMAS,

Attorneys at Law,

No. 4 Broad Street, ATHENS, GA.

WILL practice in the Courts of the State.

march 1, 1876—dly

HARRY C. RONEY,

Attorney at Law,

THOMSON, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the Augusta, Northern and Middle Circuits and Supreme Court of the State. Prompt attention given to collections.

dec25—dtf

ROBERT D. WALKER, Jr.,

Attorney at Law,

SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

PROMPT attention given to business. Sept. —dly

C A. THORNWELL,

Attorney at Law,

ROME, GEORGIA.

SPECIAL attention collections.

mar10,1876—d12m

J. A. McWHORTER,

Attorney at Law,

GREENESBORO, GEORGIA

WILL give prompt attention to the business intrusted to his care. Will attend regularly the Courts of the Ocmulgee Circuit. Collection of claims a specialty.

march12,1876—dly

O. A. LOCHRANE,

Attorney at Law,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

mar22—dtf

HENRY JACKSON, J. H. LUMPKIN, Reporter of Supreme Court.

JACKSON & LUMPKIN,

Attorneys at Law,

21½ ALABAMA STREET.

PRACTICE in the State and Federal Courts. Special attention given to business before the Supreme Court.

mar9—dtf

JAMES A. HARLEY,

Attorney at Law,

SPARTA, GEORGIA.

aug9—dly

EDWARD J. REAGAN,

Attorney at Law,

HAMPTON, GEORGIA.

PRACTICES in Henry and adjoining counties. Special attention given to commercial and other collections.

nov5,1875—dly

J A. ANSLEY,

Attorney at Law

AMERICUS, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the Courts of Southwestern Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Courts at Savannah. Special attention given to collections

oct15,1875—dly

CARRIAGES.

HOME INDUSTRY.

GO TO SMITH, 48 Broad street, for any kind of vehicle. Smith guarantees his work. None but first class mechanics employed. No shoddy work.

RHEUMATISM.

DR RUSSELL'S

RHEUMATIC REMEDY

CURES Rheumatism and Neuralgia without fail. It also corrects Indigestion, cures Dyspepsia, Purifies the Blood and renovates the entire system Price, $5 per pint bottle. 43 Broad street Atlanta Ga.

Brick for Sale.

200,000 BRICK always on hand at Reduced Prices. I am also prepared to BUILD ROCK or BRICK MASONRY at short notice and prices to suit the times. Call on

PAT LYNCH

Builder and Contractor,

or leave orders at J. J. & P. W. Lynch's, No. 44 Decatur street.

Kennesaw Mills.

THESE mills having recently been purchased by us, we are now prepared to offer to the public all those familiar brands of flour made by Messrs. Cook & Cheek. Our Mr. T. H. Cheek, who was one of the late firm of Cook & Cheek, is now a partner of the present firm, and is in charge of the

Manufacturing Department

same as heretofore. Consequently we can safely guarantee our grades fully up to the standard of our predecessors. Our firm is composed of T. H. Cheek, M. G. Whitlock and Jno. R. Winters. All orders must be sent to us at Marietta, Ga. For the sale of flour in Atlanta we have secured the services of J. H. Ketner, who is so well and favorably known to the trade.

CHEEK, WHITLOCK & Co.

june4-dtf

Coal, Coal, Coal.

500 CAR LOADS COAL at summer prices. Montevallo, Cahaba, Red Ash, Alabama, and Coal Creek. We have arranged for and are now prepared to receive and fill all orders for Coal at summer prices and low freights. Early summer is the time to lay in Coal for winter (before the rush comes) as you get better selected Lump and dry weights. Send in your orders.

SCIPLE & SONS, 69 Decatur st.

STORAGE.

Cunningham's Warehouse

I AM prepared to offer FIRST-CLASS STORAGE for Cotton, Grain, Flour, Hay, and other merchandise in my BRICK WAREHOUSE, (gravel roof,) on the line of Railroad, corner Alabama and Forsyth Streets. Insurance rates lower than any other Warehouse in the city. This, with the railroad facilities, enables me to offer the cheapest and best storage in the State.

Liberal Cash Advances

made on Staple Goods stored in my Warehouse. For terms, call on or address

A. T. CUNNINGHAM, Commission Merchant, Atlanta, Ga.

mar29—dtf

PREFERRED LOCALS

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS

WM. MCNAUGHT & CO.

a Daily and weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar22-dtf

Sensible Advice.

You are asked every day through the column of newspapers and by your druggists to use something for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint that you know nothing about, you get discouraged spending money with but little success. Now to give you satisfactory proof that GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER will cure you of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint with all its effects, such as sour stomach, sick headache habitual costiveness, palpitation of the heart, heart-burn, water-brash, coming up of food after eating, low spirits, &c., we ask you to go to your druggist, Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, wholesale agents, and get a sample bottle of GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER for 10 cents and try it, or a regular size for 75 cents, two doses will relieve you. apr1-deod&w1y

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap blank notes containing the waiver of homestead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION office. apr21—dtf

Special Notice.

To purchasers of Lard Oils, West Virginia Oils and Coach Candles are particularly requested to get my prices before purchasing elsewhere. All orders promptly filled at St. Louis or Cincinnati prices.

Railroad Supplies a specialty.

AMOS FOX,
No 4 East Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga.
Agent for Buckeye Oil Works, Cincinnati, O.
Also, Inland Oil Works, St. Louis, Mo.,
Gunnison, Hamiltons & Miller, Proprietors.
may7-d3m

DR. HOLLAND has returned to the city and will be in his office—the office of Holland & Crenshaw, corner of Whitehall and Alabama streets. july18—dtf

Coal! Coal!! Coal!!!

W. S. Grisham will sell till 1st October next, the "Genuine" best lump, "BLACK DIAMOND" COAL CREEK COAL, at reduced rates, by car load. Call and see, or address through P. O., 56 Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga. july11—dtf

Just Opened.

50 all Linen Ladies' Suits,
50 Grass Cloth Ladies' Suits,
25 all Linen Sacques and Overskirts,
50 Ulsters and Dusters,

Now on sale 25 per cent. cheaper than anything shown in the city, at E CAHN'S, july20—d1t 71 Whitehall street.

New Advertisements.

Hats—L. H. Clarke.
Removal—D. F. Holloway.
Executor's sale—W. R. Mathews.
An ordinance—Frank T. Ryan.
Georgia state lottery—E. S. Morris.
Private asylum—W. S Chipley, M. D.
Just opened—E. Cahn.
Estray notice—R. C Beavers.

Have You Heard the Latest News, the Very Latest?

L. H. Clarke is beating bankrupt sales, auction sales, and all that train of disasters and break necks in the low prices at which he is offering Hats! Hats! Hats! for the Million. Come right away before the last one is gone, and secure a bargain that is a bargain, ahead of all bargains. No. 6 Whitehall street.

Thus saith a circular that fell into our hands, and of one thing we are sure, Clarke has got hats, hats, hats—of all styles—of all sizes—of varied prices—to suit the old and young, the sober and gay, dignity and—the balance of mankind Go and see. And do as others do—come away with a hat. You cannot help it. Once you look, you are lost—that is, to the amount of the price of a hat.

Every family should have nice bread—the Belle Flour, turns out. july19—d2w

Try the celebrated Belle Flour. Nothing better. july19—d2w

Supreme Court Decisions.

The pamphlet of Decisions for term just closed are now ready for delivery Send orders at once. Price, $1 00 per pamphlet to CONSTITUTION subscribers, $2 00 to others. Volumes 46, 47, 44, 49, for sale. Address CONSTITUTION office, Atlanta, Ga. june4—dtf

Belle of Kentucky Flour sold by J. W. Fears. july19—d2w

—Coal! Coal! Coal! 500 car loads lump coal at Summer prices. Montevallo, Cahaba Red Ash Alabama and Genuine Coal Creek. Sciple & Sons, 59 Decatur street.

Railroad agents will find it to their interest to call at the CONSTITUTION office and get our prices before having their work done elsewhere. Our bindery is especially arranged for doing railroad work, and we are satisfied that we can do it cheaper than it can probably be done anywhere else in this city. Give us one trial at least. tf

Brown Dress Linen

At Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s the above article is offered at very low figures. june7—dtf

Special Card from GEORGE SHARP, JR., Diamond and Jewelry Merchant, No. 34 Whitehall street, ATLANTA, GA.

Just received from manufacturers and importers, who are bound to have the goods sold, the largest and finest assortment of
Watches,
Diamonds,
Fine Jewelry,
Sterling Silver Ware,
Gold Guard and Vest Chains,
Gold Opera and Leontine Chains,
Lockets, Seal Rings, &c., &c.

This magnificent stock of goods will be offered for sale for the next thirty days at hard pan prices.

Now is the time for BARGAINS. Call early and buy at hard pan prices. I mean business. The owners of the goods want the money for them and I want my commissions. Visitors to the Centennial will save from 25 to 50 per cent by buying from me. GEO. SHARP, JR. june28—dtf

Railroad ruling and binding a specialty at the CONSTITUTION office. Prices reduced.

READ Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s advertisement and go there. It will pay you. june7—dtf

Kid Gloves Reduced.

500 dozen Fresh and Choice Ladies Kid Gloves offered very low, at june7-tf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.'S.

Black Grenadines a Specialty.

Save 10 to 15 cents on each yard and buy your Black Grenadines at the the popular store of june7—dtf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.

Black Silks! Black Silks

Another lot of those cheap Black Silks, just received, ranging from 75c, 85c, $1 00, and upward. Call at june7—dtf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO S.

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap, blank notes containing the waiver of homestead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION office apr21—dtf

—Lime! Lime! Lime! Shelby, Alabama, and Georgia Lime, by barrel and car load. Analysis of our Shelby 98.65. Sciple & Sons, 59 Decatur street.

Returned Pilgrims.

—Captain Jack Johnson, the popular union depot ticket stamper, returned yesterday via the Air Line from his month of summer jaunting. He looks fresh and rosy, and has a thousand things to tell of the wonders of the centennial and other amusements. At the former place he had an animated political discussion with a Chinese prince, the details of which Jack repeats with great gusto. The Chinaman got the better of Jack, who swapped shirts with the celestial and got even.

—Lieut. John E. Wilkinson has returned from the centennial, and was kind enough to bring us a souvenir of the show. The lieutenant avers that the trip is a very exhausting one as he lost twenty-three pounds of flesh on the round trip. What an awful lot of Shylocks he must have struck up with.

The Centennial.

Of course everybody is interested in the centennial and wants to go there. Well those who can't go can get a very accurate idea of how it is progressing from a work we saw yesterday. It is an illustrated record of the great show, comprising pretty much everything there that is worth seeing. It is to be issued in ten numbers, and will give all the leading features of the concern. It is the next thing to going there, and at a great deal less money. Mr. Thomas E. Goulding is canvassing agent for Atlanta, and will give all an opportunity of seeing for themselves.

W. S. WILSON. J. C. WILSON.

Coal Creek Coal!

MONTEVALLO, ALA., COAL!

AND

ANTHRACITE COAL!

I AM now prepared to furnish either of the above Coals in any quantity desired. The Coal Creek Coal I sell is the celebrated Black Diamond Coal Creek Coal, the OLD GENUINE Coal Creek of the BEST quality, and the Montevallo Coal, all who have used it know what it is; it is superior to ANY COAL brought to this market I have sole control of this Coal and will sell at LOW RATES DURING THE SUMMER. WEIGHTS AND QUALITY WARRANTED. Orders respectfully solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed. W. S. WILSON, july16—deod6m Successor to EDWARD PARSONS.

SPINDLE AND LOOM.

THE ATLANTA COTTON FACTORY APPROACHES TO COMPLETION.

Full and Interesting Description of the Project.—Its History, Progress and Purposes.

As considerable interest has for some time past been manifested by many leading citizens of this and other cities to hear how the Atlanta cotton factory was progressing, a CONSTITUTION reporter was detailed to pay a visit to that building yesterday. He was kindly received by the president, Mr H I Kimball, who took pleasure in escorting him around and explaining the different sections now in course of erection.

To give our readers a comprehensive account of this great enterprise, we will commence by giving an insight to

ITS HISTORY.

The charter was applied for and granted in the year 1869 the incorporators being Messrs H I Kimball, John C Peck and John Rice.

The same year (1869) the company was organized with the following officers:

John Rice, president. Dr. Bozeman, treasurer, J Rhodes Brown, superintendent.

For some cause nothing, however, was at this time done.

In 1872, the matter was revived and considerable interest for some time, was manifested, and success seemed probable, but again the matter was permitted to drop and lay dormant for another year.

In May 1873, the citizens again agitated the subject, and a new and very efficient board of directors was chosen with Mr. E. E. Rawson as president, under which board a considerable amount of stock was subscribed, and it was generally conceded that Atlanta was to have a cotton factory.

But the time had not yet arrived; another disappointment was in store for the people. The great financial panic of September 1873, struck Atlanta with such force as to destroy all hope for the consummation of the enterprise, and the whole matter was dropped until it was taken hold of by the 'Mechanics' Institute," (an institution which comprised at that time many of the leading mechanics and manufacturers of this city and which has since been consolidated with the Young Men's Library Association.) They saw and felt the importance of the enterprise, and determined to continue the agitation of the subject until the cotton factory was a veritable reality, or in other words, became an established fact.

Under the auspices of the institute a number of public addresses upon the subject were given the citizens. Col. Stedman, Col. Hulbert; Mr. Jonathan Norcross and others extended valuable information, but as yet no definite plan by which Atlanta could secure the factory was presented. It was not until December 29, 1874, when Mr. H. I Kimball in an address before the Mechanic's Institute on the subject of the manufacture of cotton in Atlanta, set out a full plan by which he believed a factory of 10,000 spindles could be started in Atlanta within two years, that the matter assumed a feasible shape.

The citizens at once saw that his plan was plain and practical, and at the close of the address a committee of twenty-five of our leading business men were selected to consider the plan presented by Mr. Kimball and to solicit subscriptions to the capital stock of the company. This committee took an active interest in the matter and secured the subscriptions necessary for a

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

On the 27th of February, 1875, the subscribers (about 400 in number) met at the hall of the "Mechanics' Institute" for the election of officers.

They elected as directors, Messrs. H I Kimball, Joseph E Brown, John C Peck, George W Adair, Anthony Murphy, J W English, E P Chamberlain, C W Hunnicutt, A F Moreland.

At a meeting of these directors Mr. H I Kimball was elected president, E E Rawson, treasurer, and F Cogins general superintendent.

The directors gave their personal attention to the matter, and on the 1st of May following they announced that the amount of $250,000 had been subscribed and that the first installment on subscriptions would be due and payable on the first of June, 1875.

SELECTION OF THE GROUND.

A lot was selected at the corner of Marietta and Cain streets costing $13,000. The directors expected to have procured the lot which lies between the factory and the office, but by some misunderstanding they failed in this, otherwise the building would have faced differently, etc. As soon as the lot was selected Mr Cogins the general superintendent, (also general manager of the Augusta factory,) appointed

MR JONES S. DAVIS,

of Hollyoke, Massachusetts, as superintendent of construction. Mr. Davis has had great experience in the manufacture of cotton. He has been general manager of several of the largest mills in New England for many years and is acknowledged by all New England manufacturers as standing at the head of his profession.

BREAKING GROUNDS AND LAYING THE CORNER STONE.

On the 4th of July, 1875, ground was formally broken and the corner stone laid, with appropriate ceremonies, in the presence of the directors and officers, together with a large concourse of citizens and invited guests.

The Hon. Alexander H. Stephens made a stirring address, followed by the Hon. O. A. Lochrane ex-Governor Brown, Colonel G. W. Adair and others.

President H. I. Kimball declared the work of building Atlanta's first cotton factory to be fully inaugurated, and promised that in one year from that time the roof should be on the buildings and that in eighteen months the factory should be completed.

Up to this date, every promise made by him as to the progress of the enterprise has been faithfully met.

The company have a frontage on Marietta street of 150 feet and on the line of the Western and Atlantic railroad of 230 feet, which gives a large platform sufficient for the receiving and shipping purposes of the company. On the lot at the corner of Marietta and Cain streets there is a very comfortable three room house which the company now occupy as their general office

PLAN OF BUILDINGS.

The main building will be 72x334 feet, five stories high. It fronts on Marietta street 72 feet, running back 334 feet parallel with Cain street to within twenty feet of the railroad. It has a basement story on the railroad, front 72x90 feet. In the center of the Cain street front will be the entrance, and stair tower 20x25 feet. This tower will extend above the main building sufficient for the water tank and bell tower. The wing building is 40x90 feet, three stories high. It has 40 feet front on Cain street, near the railroad, running back 90 feet to within 8 feet of the main building. In the basement story (which is 24 feet high) of this building, will be located the boilers and engines. In the second and third stories will be located the picking machinery and the dressing apparatus. Between this building and the main building will be an elevator and stair tower, 18x20 feet, five stories high. In the northwest corner of the wing building, the smokestack is located, 12 feet square at the base, 5 feet square at the top, 130 feet high.

POWER.

The power necessary to drive the full amount of machinery (the buildings will contain 20 000 spindles) will be furnished by a double horizontal engine. Two cylinders, 24 inch diameter, 48 inch stroke of piston, with fly wheel. 20 feet in diameter. 63 inch face, to make 65 revolutions per minute estimated to be 500 horse power. The steam will be supplied by six tubular boilers, with shell, 5 feet diameter, 17 feet long, to contain 58 tubes, 4 inch diameter, 16 feet long.

The buildings are all prepared of sufficient capacity for 21 500 spindles and 500 looms. The machinery already contracted for is 10,300 spindles and 250 looms, which will employ 225 persons to work them. By the present system of machinery it does not require near as many hands to work 10,000 spindles as formerly. The arrangement of the machinery is such that the work can be done very economically.

The machinery is under construction at Lowell, Mass., and will be ready for shipment by the first of August, 1876. By the 20th of the same month the machinery or a portion of it will be in running order and the factory in full working operation by Christmas.

PROCESS OF MANUFACTURE.

The bales of cotton are landed from the cars on a platform at the rear side of the building running parallel with the railroad The bale will then be taken by an elevator at the north west corner of the wing of the building where it is opened and the cotton passed through the picker, from there it is taken by another elevator to the sixth floor of the main building to the card room. Thence it passes on down through the various rooms, going through each successive operation of spinning, spooling, warping, dressing, weaving, shearing, folding, stamping and baling when it is ready for the market.

THE WORKMANSHIP.

The factory is six stories high, exclusive of the basement, which presents quite an imposing appearance. The walls rest on solid stone masonry and are three feet thick, made of hard river brick, they will be whitewashed on the inside and the ceilings of each department will be painted

The flooring timbers are doubled and under the floor which is three inches in thickness, has the dressed face turned downward which forms the roof below, and painted white. The upper or the top floor, 1¼ inches thick is then laid down dressed side up, which together makes a solid floor 4¼ inches in thickness. This is required to make the floor quite steady upon which the machinery rests, and is supported from beneath by two rows of wooden columns set in iron sockets. The following is the list of the

CONTRACTORS.

W. R. Parkins, architect.
Stone work—Lynch, Gavin & Co.
Grading—Patrick Keeley.
Brick work—J. T. & W. D. Grant
Granite work—Stone Mountain Granite Co.
Lumber—L. H. Hall & Co.
Lime—C. W. Gray & Co., and A. C. Ladd.
Cement—George H. Waring.
Mason work—M. E. Berry.
Carpenter work—Cook, Gunby & Co.
Windows, frames and sashes—Longley & Robinson.
Galvanized iron work—Warlick & Sons.
Roofing (tar and gravel)—O. A. Smith.
Sewerage—Pellegrini & Castleberry.
Smoke-stack—Felix Sowers.
Iron work—Scofield Rolling Mill
Nails and hardware—J. M. Alexander & Co.
Whitewashing and plastering—J. G. Thrower.
Machinery—Lowell machine shop.
Engines—Jerome, Wheelock of Worcester Massachusetts.
Boilers,—Whittier machine Co., of Boston Massachusetts.
Belting—Josiah Gates of Lowell Massachusetts.
Openers and Pickers—Kitson machine Co., of Lowell Massachusetts.

CONCLUSION.

In concluding this article we cannot refrain from extending to all those connected with this great enterprise a hearty "well done."

The city of Atlanta and the state of Georgia are each indebted to the projectors of this factory. It will be an aid to diversity of pursuits which must ultimately result in the prosperity of both, and one which will inevitably tend to increase the financial and commercial importance of a people.

Trade and manufacture must go hand in hand, and by diversifying labor, we increase and keep our capitol at home, and the artisan laborer and tradesman each receive his just proportion and is able to stem the current of every financial disaster which may befall a less enterprising community.

The Atlanta cotton factory will be a great benefit to the laboring classes, with all the advantages of improved machinery, skilled labor, and facilities for the manufacture of the snowy staple it stands without a rival, and for its size will be one of the best, if not the very best, cotton factories in the country.

Old Si on Hayes.

We stopped at the post-office yesterday to hear old Si expound politics.

"Its de born truf, sah," he urged; "de readin' niggers is dead sot 'ginst 'em!"

"Against whom, Si?" we ventured

"'Ginst dis hyar 'publican party, sah. Dey is fur a fact!"

"Why is that? What's the trouble?"

"Hez you tuck de time, sah, ter read dat ar letter from de 'publican candidate—Mister Hazes—I tink dats what dey's a-calling ob him?"

"Yes, we read it carefully!"

"Did yer see any declamations in dat letter 'bout de fifteenf remembyment an' de Affican citizen, sah?"

"We don't remember."

"Dar it is. sah; de nigger he watches mighty close fur dat an' lo! an' beholden, sah, an' it taint dar! Dat's what's de matter now, jess shore!"

"Well, what's the trouble about?"

"De trouble am dat man don't onderstand de nigger. He nebber owned no niggers; what do he knows 'bout 'em? Anybody dat knows a nigger knows dat he'd rudder be 'bused twice dan lef' alone once! Mr. Hazes done lef' 'em alone now and dey'll lef' him alone when de 'lection comes; dat's business!"

Two other negroes nodded to us approvingly and we had gained a new campaign idea.

A Northeastern Railroad Car.

A new mail and baggage car (No. 10) came down the State road Tuesday and was shipped via the Air-Line railroad for the Northeastern railroad company at Belton. We congratulate the company on this beautiful acquisition to their rolling stock, and hope soon to hear that the road is completed and in running order.

TOWN TOPICS.

—Wm. Henry Woods, of Savannah, well known in this city as a prominent financier in Georgia bonds, left Columbus yesterday for a three months' trip to California.

—Mrs. Mary F. Brady, one of the most charming ladies of Eufaula, Ala., is visiting at Mr. Geo. F. Platt's, 61 Mitchell street.

—Weinmeister, of the Reading Room supplied music from his band to the Tilden and Hendricks Club meeting on Monday night.

—The big ice factory is in operation. Her smoke stack pours a volume of smoke both night and day.

—Delegates to the state convention are sending in already to secure rooms. The National will accommodate many, as will all the other hotels.

—More excursions are reported from the country as in a state of preparation for a visit to Atlanta this week. Roll them in, for they are all welcome.

—Hon. Oscar Thomasson is at the Markham house, and we are glad to note an improvement in his health.

—Some of the boys are on the war-path and will be heard from in a few days. They are moving in the right direction and will use things to be lively when the proper time arrives. Dr. King Wyly and Jerms Banks can tell you, what it all means!

—We have heard of several persons being made sick and physically prostrated by the severe heat during certain hours of the past few days. No one can be too careful, or keep out of the sun-rays too much, this season.

—The dining room of the Kimball was again thrown open yesterday and looked splendid in its decorations of purple and chrome-green.

—There will be a very lively party hence to Piedmont, at Gainesville, this afternoon. The grand mask ball will be an extremely brilliant affair.

—Judge Peeples is absent from the city this week We believe he is returning a compliment by holding court for Judge Underwood, at Rome.

—There appears to be no chance to get any of the numerous army of candidates sun-struck. They stand the heat like Salamanders.

—Capt. R. J. Griffin, the Decatur street grocer, has broken ground for a handsome brick store on Peachtree street, next door to Hemphill's. He will push it rapidly to completion. It will be two stories high, 80x21 feet, and cost in the vicinity of $4,000.

—The W. U. Telegraph offices will be removed into the old Dollar Savings Bank rooms, on Wall street on Sunday. This will be an improvement over the present quarters and more convenient to the business community.

—We have a splendid specimen of a magnolia blossom from the garden of Capt Wm Gray, our councilman from the 3d ward. It is handsome and fragrant.

—The radical state convention meets in Macon on the sixteenth of August.

—The recent revival at St. Paul's resulted in some sixty-odd converts and about 55 accessions to the church, most of them being men and youths.

—Rev. W. F. Cook, pastor of Trinity church having gone to the centennial, Rev. Mr. Callaway, of Oxford, Ga., will preach at Trinity church next Sunday Rev. Dr. Means the Sunday after and Rev. Dr. Haygood the Sunday following.

—Holloway, the capital painter, has removed his office and shop to Hunter street, below Chamberlain and Boynton's store. He can put up work equal to the best anywhere.

How Atlanta Was Laid Out.

Chattanooga Commercial Correspondence.

Atlanta is but about thirty years of age. I should judge that it was formerly the abode of a few early adventurers who built rude huts and carried on a farming business on a small scale. The general shape of the streets indicates plainly that the town sprang up by accident instead of being one of those cities built by the premeditated "cussedness" or shrewd foresight of man. It is commonly said that many of the streets were originally cow paths, and while this is treated as a joke I have no doubt it is true. Near where the passenger depot now stands was a little settlement known as Marthasville. Here some one built a shanty and lived off from what he could raise, the game he could kill and the stock he was able to keep. His cows wandered away during the day and returned at night as cows naturally will. In this way a path, very easy to follow, was worn through the woods. The next settler who came as a matter of course built his shanty on this path, which led to a fine spring. And so numerous circuitous paths were made in different directions, houses were built upon them, and they were finally used as roads. They are now used as the streets of a flourishing city. Whitehall, Marietta, Decatur and Peachtree streets, all converging from this point, bear in their shape unmistakable evidences of having been laid out in this way, and not by an engineer. Standing at the point where they center, you can see out in no direction, but look where you will, you look squarely against a building. They form graceful curves in many places, but their general shape is unquestionably that of cow paths. I suggested to a citizen that this was only one of the instances in which dumb animals had made themselves useful to man in novel ways, and that the goose which saved Rome was no more praiseworthy than the cows which laid out the city of Atlanta. The citizen thought the cases hardly apposite.

TOWARD THE LAKES.

HOW TO TRAVEL WITH PROFIT AND PLEASURE.

Through the Picturesque Valleys of Southland and into the Gates of the Centennial.

A Ride up the Hudson, and Freezing Reflections upon the Bosom of the Historic Champlain.

Canada's Clover Fields—The Western Reserve and the Miami Valley.

Editors Constitution:—From observation and experience I think I can give your readers, who contemplate a trip to Philadelphia, New York and Canada a few points of information that will add somewhat to their pleasure and benefit them in a financial point of view.

In the first place, persons desirous of making a summer trip and taking in the centennial exposition would do well—as the writer did on the recent excursion through Canada—to organize a party of friends to go in a body. I would particular recommend this course for a number of reasons. I think each of the ladies and gentlemen who went on the late excursion will concur with me in so doing; for in many respects we contributed greatly to the pleasure of each other, and in many instances the expenses of the party were reduced. We would travel in one car, and while stopping at different places the objects of interest known to any one of the company would be told to the others. By reason of our number and we were enabled to make hotel arrangements, hire carriages, procure guides, &c. greatly to our advantage. Then one of the greatest advantages to a party composed of persons, of agreeable dispositions—as was the case with the ladies and gentlemen composing our party—is social gathering in the parlors of the hotels, after the out-door pleasures of the days or evenings. The homelike freedom and ease, and the news from home, which when received by one, was of so much interest to all Then the interest felt in the welfare of each other, and attention in the event of sickness, and as was the case of myself it is so convenient to have friends when funds run short.

The route traveled by our party was about 4,000 miles, and was made in a few days less than a month. Our excursion tickets via Kenesaw and Virginia Midland routes and Niagara and Canada West cost $50, but at Albany we diverged from the direction indicated by our tickets, sold our coupons over the New York Central to Suspension Bridge, and went by Saratoga Lake Champlain, Montreal, Toronto and across Ontario to Niagara Falls. This ticket cost $21 70 I think the route taken by our party the most pleasant that could be selected, and I am sure a more polite and obliging gentleman than Capt Chipley could not be found. He provided us a special sleeper, accompanied us to Philadelphia and remained with us some days there, giving us the benefit of his experience, and providing liberally for our convenience and comfort. His route, the Virginia Midland, by way of the Western and Atlanta railroad, cannot be surpassed in the south for comfort and scenery. The beautiful valleys, the magnificent mountains, the clear, rapid streams, and the pure, healthy atmosphere, make one forget fatigue and care, and the days pass away too soon.

Passing over the famous battle field of Manassas just at sunrise, we soon reached Washington, the most beautiful city on the continent and remained there twenty-four hours, which was profitably spent visiting the different places of interest, guided by our kind, faithful and efficient congressmen Messrs Candler, Felton, Cook and Hill.

We went through from Washington to Philadelphia by daylight, and I would advise others to travel principally by day and rest at night; it can be so arranged with few exceptions, and enable you to see the country and have comforts in the cities. Travel on most of the northern and Canadian roads is pleasant, or at least much more pleasant than on our roads. Their road beds are ballasted with rock and gravel, and the traveler is troubled but little with dust, and we experienced no inconvenience from smoke. Then the fast speed of their trains create a strong draft which is exceedingly refreshing.

At Philadelphia, I cannot recommend the house at which we stopped, but I would avoid cheap hotels. They will propose liberally enough, but when they perform, most of the ordinary comforts and conveniences of life are charged to you as extras. Many of these hotels are chartered and licensed for the occasion; and are labeled "Limited," which many of us were led to believe were so designated from the fact of the brevity of their bills of fare, the scarcity of conveniences, and inattention of servants.

The centennial exposition is a grand success, and should be seen by everyone who can do so conveniently. To give an account of it would be a great task, and one would scarcely know where to begin, therefore I will not undertake it, but, while on this theme, advise those who go, to take their time, procure a guide-book, and make notes, which will enable them to remember and enjoy it much more when their trip is ended. Our tickets entitled us to go either by the Hudson river railroad or up the river on boats. We all chose the latter, and boarded the steamer Daniel Drew at eight a. m. The day was pleasant, and the run to Albany, which was made by 5½ p. m., was one of the most pleasant of our lives. Many magnificent views, and points of historic interest were to be seen, which attract the attention of the traveler the entire trip.

At Albany we found the Delavan house to be excellent. The new capitol building of the state, not yet completed, the finest on the continent, except our national capitol is worth seeing, and we felt that we were in a purer atmosphere, when we were at the house of Samuel Tilden. The people there are proud of their governor, and they had too much respect for him and the constitution of the country, to participate in a Hayes and Wheeler torchlight procession which was attempted to be gotten up the night we were there. We were told the small crowd was composed of office holders and their subs. From Albany, we proceeded to Saratoga, the most delightful summer resort in the world. The hotels, broad streets and sidewalks the graceful, tall elms, the numerous springs, the lakes, and residences, are really magnificent The Grand Union hotel, the United States Congress hall and others, are on the most costly and elegant styles. We stopped at the former, and will give a brief account of it. It is of immense size, being 650 feet long and six stories high. Piazzas extend the entire length, twenty five feet wide, supporting columns which rise to the fifth story. There is one mile of piazzas on the outside and around the court within. The halls are two miles in extent, and the elevators land guests on any of them with great rapidity. It has 800 rooms, ten acres of fine carpets, spacious parlors, and the most superb furniture to match. This is said to be one of Stewart's pet undertakings on which money was not spared. Its tables, which accommodate 1,200 at one sitting, "groan under the weight of good things," and made us sigh for the proportions of Fatty Harris, that we might do ourselves justice. The drives are fine, especially that down the margin of the lake, nine miles. But make your contract with the coachman before starting, and don't get confused with shillings and pennies, as did some of us. Several days can be profitably spent in "doing the town," and notwithstanding the expense attending the process, I would not advise too great haste.

Resuming our journey, we proceed eastward to old Fort Ticonderoga, where we took the fine steamer Vermont down Lake Champlain This lovely body of water which figures so conspicuously in history, and on whose bosom so many sanguinary battles have been fought, the theatre of the gallant Ethan Allen, thrills one with peculiar emotions as we recall the days when our grandfathers fought on its shores and bosom. Notwithstanding we were there in the middle of June, yet we sought our overcoats and buttoned them up to the chin. The wind which blew strong from the north pole would dash the waves high and remind us of the times we grew so sick on the ocean This was the most unpleasant reflection suggested by the occasion; but I am happy to say such fears were not well founded.

Disembarking at Burlington, Vt., a very pretty city and the Atlanta of that state, we proceeded to Montreal through a very poor country where they make fences of stumps and milk cows and sell cheese for a living. While our people, if there, would only make enough in one year to sustain life one day, yet these Vermonters get rich Young man, go east and learn economy, industry and common sense! We approached Montreal soon after nightfall, and across the broad St. Lawrence the brilliantly illuminated streets presented a pleasing scene. The river is crossed on the Victoria bridge. This is a mammoth and costly structure. The government expended upon it $7,000,000 gold. The bridge, including the massive abutments and embankments, is one and three-quarter miles in length. The abutments and embankments are two thousand feet long of solid stone thirty-six feet above the water and 30 feet wide on the upper surface, with a slope of 450 The immense solid piers, are built of stone, weighing from 7 to 17 tons, averaging 10½ tons each, numbering in all twenty-four. They are distant 242 feet except the two centre piers, which are 330 feet apart. They are 36 feet high at either end and rise gradually to the center piers which are sixty feet; the average being 45 feet. Resting upon these heavy piers, is the tube through which passes the trains. It is worth the expense of the trip to see this wonderful bridge, and you are astonished at the skill, and invention of its architect and builders.

Montreal is a very pretty city of 160,000 inhabitants, many beautiful buildings, both public and of individuals. The new post-office and some of the banking buildings cannot be excelled in beauty. The cathedral on Notre Dame street is worthy of a visit. We were told it would seat 15 000 people. The shipping is immense, and many of her majesty's mail steamers will repay the tourist to visit. We found all the officers polite, and willing to give information and extend courtesies. The view from the mountain, of the city and shipping, is exceedingly fine. In conversation with the people the rebellion is frequently mentioned; I of course thought reference was made to the confederates, but was amused when I discovered that they referred to the colonies. So our yankee friends must remember the old adage about those who live in glass houses, when they cast stones down this way. North we are called rebels, in Canada we are called yankees Which do you like best? If you protest that you are a confederate, the reply is, "you are all yankees." "Don't we have to contend with the world, the flesh," etc? The Canadians are intensely loyal to the queen, and their adoration of their government, reminds you of the worship of the northern people of "the flag." Notwithstanding they dubbed us yankees we forgave them, and found them to be kind, obliging, cultivated and very prosperous. The country far surpassed our idea of it. That part lying above lakes Ontario and Erie, through which we traveled, is magnificent. The soil cannot be surpassed in richness, and sells at $50 and $100 per acre. The wheat, clover, corn, barley, rye and grass fields extend across the prairie like country as far as the eye can reach, and the yield is very large. There are no hills, and most of the lands are in cultivation. The stock is as fine as any I ever saw and constitutes a great part part of the wealth of the country.

The Grand Trunk railway from Montreal to Toronto, and the Great Western from Suspension bridge to Detroit, are splendid roads, and the Pullman sleepers we occupied coming over them, like all the others of that company, were very fine.

Niagara falls must be seen to be appreciated. The principal points of interest are the Rapids above and below, the great cataract, Prospect Park, Goat Island and The Shadow of the Rock on the American side. The new suspension bridge, the Horse Shoe Falls, Burning Springs, the view of the falls from the observatory and the turnpike road, and from the ferry below.

These points are of great interest, and can be reached by carriages. The coachmen will ask you just as much as they think you will give, and in the end take your price if they can't get theirs If you start from the American side, I would first visit Goat Island, then Prospect Park, where you have the best view of the American Falls. Then descend the inclined railway, put on a rubber suit and go under the falls A trip across the ferry affords a fine view of both falls at once Then cross the new suspension bridge, which is only wide enough to admit of the passage of one carriage at a time On this bridge, which is 256 feet high, and 1,300 feet long. I imagine you have pretty much the same feeling that you would in a balloon. On the Canada side, ascend the tower (which is free) of the building which stands near where Table Rock was. The scene from it is grand. The burning spring, one mile up the Canada side, is a great wonder. I would go up the bank of the river and return by the pike. The Whirlpool as approached from the Canada side is a fraud. The old rickety elevator is dangerous, and you can get as good a view from the opposite side free as you get here for fifty cents

If the reader has the time to spare a day could be pleasantly spent at each of the following places: Toronto Detroit and some of the larger towns on the Great Western railway on Lake Erie

In Washington, the National hotel, the Metropolitan of New York, Delavan at Albany, the Grand Union at Saratoga, the St Lawrence at Montreal and the Cateract at the Niagara Falls, are first class hotels and give the best that the country affords. The country between Detroit via Toledo and Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad, through the big Miami Valley, is as fine as I ever saw, and together a more pleasant sort could not be selected for a pleasure trip Respectfully, G.

A Merited Tribute.

Conyers Register.

At a meeting of the directors of the Female college, held a few days ago, the following resolution was passed unanimously:

Resolved, That the thanks of this body are due and are hereby tendered to Miss Mittie McKinley for her valuable services as a teacher in the Conyers female college, and that in the reorganization of the faculty it is our earnest desire that the president elect should if possible retain her services as teacher, and that we as a board pledge ourselves to re-elect her to the position which she has hitherto filled with so much credit to herself, satisfaction to the patrons and profit to her pupils

We regret to learn that Miss McKinley has positively declined to continue her services at the college any longer. She is one of the most accomplished and competent teachers to be found anywhere, and the institution that succeeds in engaging her will be fortunate indeed. Miss McKinley has made a splendid record in this section, and has won the esteem and admiration of both patrons and pupils During the term just ceased she was very efficiently aided by her sister, Miss Junia McKinley, a young lady who possesses in an eminent degree that tact and talent which are so indispensable in the instruction of youth.

Excursion to the Centennial.

Another of the excursions inaugurated by W. D. Chipley, general southern agent of the Virginia Midland route left last evening in the splendid palace coach "Chili" Like its predecessors the excursion was composed of our best people and speaks volumes for the delightful success of former trips. All persons proposing a trip to Philadelphia should confer in person or by mail with Capt. Chipley at Atlanta, as his excursions will be repeated during the season. Any one sending their address to him will be furnished free with a copy of the Virginia Midland hand book to the exhibition.

A Magnificent Car.

We yesterday were invited to examine a Pullman palace car just out of the State road shops. It was truly magnificent, and reflects the highest credit upon Mr Gramling and the workmen of the State road shop, who rebuilt it almost entirely The painting, and finish are well executed, and several improvements have been introduced The "Chili," for such is the name of this real palace car, is seventy feet long, which exceeds the length of any sleeper we ever before saw. It was filled nevertheless with passengers via the Kennesaw for the north.

Mr W A Risch, the superintendent of the southern division of the Pullman palace car company, has his headquarters in this city, and is a quiet but effectual way is managing the interests of the company with success.

Robert P. Hill.

Atlanta's boys struggle "to the fore" with singular perseverence and success. Mr. Robert P. Hill, the name that heads this article, is an Atlanta boy, the son of Col. D. P. Hill our distinguished fellow townsman. As has been seen by the official announcements, Mr. Hill has borne off one of the first honors of the university the collegiate year now closed. Atlanta has reason to be proud of her son. Mr. Hill is among the youngest graduates of the university, and has been in Atlanta but two years, having entered the junior class, but notwithstanding this fact, his energy, zeal and intelligence quickly brought him in the front line of his compeers This young gentleman is said to be one of the finest, if not the very best speaker of the university, displaying singular singular power as an orator for one of his years Three cheers for Mr. Hill and for Atlanta in the honor of claiming him for her own.

THE EXCURSION.

Seven Car Loads of Alabamians Visit Atlanta

The excursion train from Troy, Alabama, reached the city at seven o'clock yesterday afternoon, and was welcomed at the car shed by a large crowd of people. Many of the visitors had friends here, and the handshaking that took place occupied fully ten minutes, and if some people don't have sore arms to-day it is because they are proof against this sort of work. The train included seven passenge coaches and several freight boxes. Six of the coaches were filled with white people and the other was reserved for the negroes. It left Troy at 5 o'clock yesterday morning, taking in large reinforcements at Union Springs and various other points along the route. The excursionists number about three hundred ladies and gentlemen, and are a fine representative body of our Alabama friends. We are pleased to welcome them to the city, and hope their visit may prove fully as delightful as was anticipated. A feature of the party is the brass band from Union Springs. We heard the boys perform soon after the arrival, and can bear witness that they play well.

Our visitors remain here until Friday evening, and in that time, will be able to do up Atlanta thoroughly. Our city contains much to interest strangers, and among its attractions we can recommend Ponce de Leon springs and a trial of its far-famed waters. Our visitors are scattered around generally in the city. Quite a number are at hotels, but the majority are at private houses and with friends. All are in high spirits and bent upon having two days of holiday and of pleasure.

EXCURSION NOTES.

—Judge J. F. Pou of Columbus, is among the excursionists from that city, and is cordially greeted by many old friends.

—Among the excursionists at the Kimball house is Miss Mattie Rice, a charming young lady of Troy, Alabama, niece of the proprietor of the Messenger.

—A large number of the excursionists are quartered at the Kimball house, whose parlors and rotunda present a very lively appearance. The party is largely composed of young men, many of them, however, are well known in business circles. The Markham and National are also filled up with the guests of the day.

—The Columbus Enquirer is represented in the excursion party by M. J. H. Johnson, a very pleasant and agreeable young gentleman.

—We had a pleasant call last night from Prof. Fletcher J Cowart, editor, and Wm. J. Blan, publisher, of the Troy, Ala., Messenger, one of the very best weekly papers in that state. They were accompanied by Mr. Thomas Gilbert, a well known printing house proprietor of Columbus, and formerly publisher of the daily Sun and Times. Master Jimmie Gilbert, his son, the most accomplished and expert printer-boy in the state, was also in the party, and is an honor to the profession to which he has thus early devoted his are natural gifts.

—Hon. J. G. Cowan, late sheriff of Bullock county, Alabama, and at present editor of the Bulloch County Guide, of Union Springs, accompanies the excursionists from that place.

—The Dixie Cornet band, of Union Springs, Prof. J. F. Davis, leader, furnishes the music for the entire party.

—Troy, from which place the excursion started, is a lively and growing city in Pike county, Alabama, 85 miles from Columbus, and is the present terminus of the Mobile and Girard railroad Atlanta has long enjoyed a good trade there, through her drummers as it is an important cotton mart and a central business point.

An Honorary Hop.

There will be a delightful "hop" at the Kimball House to-night, in honor of the excursionist from Troy, Union Springs, Columbus and Opelika. Colonel McGinty proposes to make everybody enjoy themselves on this occasion.

A PREMATURE PATRIOT.

WHAT HE SAID TO THE BAR-KEEPER.

He ran his rubicund nose into the door of the saloon and remarked:

"The campaine cummitty hazn't bin aroun' to errange fur the boys, jist yit, I reckon?"

"Not yet!" answered the keeper.

"I 'spose old Sam Tilden hasn't knocked in the head o' that ar' barrel o' scads—yit!"

"Hardly!" was the reply.

"Yas; well ye might gimme a return check, er a kind o' cuepond, ye know, ter show that I've bin 'round ter stand by the nomynashuns!"

"O, bite it off right there!" yelled the mixologist.

"All right, then; ta-ta! But I warn ye that hencefor'urd I'm fa'r prey fur the 'nemy!" and he slid out into the streets again.

COL. HENRY D. CAPERS.

Letters from His Brother Stating the Fact of His Insanity.

From the Sunny South of the current week we extract the following correspondence, which will surprise many persons in this city and state who know the gentleman referred to and who is now in Texas addressing the boards of trade of that state upon some project:

[Sunny South.]

Some time since, we received the following startling letter from Major Capers, of Charleston, South Carolina, in reply to the card of his brother, Col H. D. Capers, in which the colonel sought to establish his claim to the authorship of a poem in question; but preferring not to publish it, we wrote to the major on the subject and his reply will be found below. From the tone of both letters, he seems to think it a duty he owes both to his brother and the public to make this public declaration of his insanity. and for that reason we give his letters in full, notwithstanding our reluctance:

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 1, 1876.

To the Editor of the Sunny South.

DEAR SIR: I have just seen the card from my brother, Colonel Henry D. Capers, in regard to the authorship of "The Family Harp."

There can be no doubt whatever that the poem was written by the Rev. James W Miles, and printed in a sermon, as stated by his brother, Mr. C. Richardson Miles

That Colonel Henry D Capers should have claimed its authorship is attributable solely to the fact that his mind is and has been for some time past affected. A petition to legally establish his lunacy, sustained by the opinion of one of the leading physicians of this state, was forwarded to Columbia in December last. It is due to the memory of the Rev. Mr. Miles that the statement should be made, however deeply I may regret the circumstances which render it necessary.

Yours, very respectfully, F. W. CAPERS.

The following is in reply to our private letter to Major Capers:

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 14, 1876.

John H. Seals, Esq.:

DEAR SIR.—I am obliged by the friendly interest which gives me the opportunity to say that I still think the communication sent to you some days ago should be published, and this in kindness to my poor brother. It is impossible that he can be sane

If convenient, I would be glad to substitute the words "mental derangement" for "lunacy," in that letter. Otherwise, on looking over the pencil copy in my possession, there's nothing I would care to recall.

With thanks for your courtesy, I remain, Very respectfully, F. W. CAPERS.

Kimball House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, July 19.

T J Durand, Augusta; Chit Hamilton, Macon; J H White, N Y; O C Wright, Jackson; J M Dewitt, S C; A W Prather, Augusta; B P Connor, Edgefield, S C; R Toombs, Washington, Ga; A Polin, Louisville; B W Wrenn, Ga; T J Simmons, Macon; W F Patillo, Ga; E A Bates, Boston; A Pope, N C; P B Barrenger, Greensboro, Ga.; C Phillips, Lithonia, Ga; C M Clark, Albany, Ga; Jack Johnson, city; H B Cowart, T D Jones, J B Harper, Troy, Ala; H T Ellis, Union Springs, Ala; H B Seals, Eufaula, Ala; Thos Gilbert and son, J D Evans, J F Pou, J W Long, J Speirs, Berry Miller, Columbus; A W Shepherd, C W Munroe, Columbus, H Sterns, Union Springs, Ala; Miss Mattie Rice, Troy, Ala; Homer W Dozier, Milton W Cooper, Alfred B Sheppard Columbus; Col James G Corran, Union Springs; B T Hatcher J D Estes, Columbus; Wm Rosenhill, T Sheppard and lady, W K Harp and lady, Union Springs; John Stephens, F Kiser, city; Arthur R Shaw, Augusta; J F Johnson, G M Hanson, Prof J F Dorie, H Rosenberg, C A Pitts, E M Butterfield, H Harris, R B McDonald, J H Johnsons, T H Lips, T M Bloron, Union Springs; W E Saterfield, Cartersville; H Garrett, C R Russell, Columbus, M Limbarger, M Rosenfield, Ala; Wm. Dukes, Jack L F Watkins, Columbus; J D Roberts Ga; J E Garnon, F A Swanson, W B Hall, R S Mills, R T Ferguson, Ala; T L Williams L P Moore, Midway, Ala; E C Thomas, Jefferson, Ga; W K Johnson, Va; Henry Frost, G R Edge, L R Edge, Ala.

How They "Resumed."

They looked sad and doubtless felt so, as they stood up against the horse-rack.

"Times is hard!" sighed one.

"Wuss then confederit!" the other responded.

"An' work's too ex'austin!"

"Hit draws a man down pow'rful!"

"I never did see money so hard to git a fist on!"

"Yas, hit's skaser'n hen's teeth."

"But I've got one fifty cents note left, you bet"

"Ah, well; I hain't."

"Let's soak her down for the drinks?"

"Now, that soun's sumthin' like resumshun uv bizness, that do!"

And they hid themselves behind the bar-screen in a jiffy.

—Mrs. J. W. English, of this city, has raised the finest Irish potatoes that we have seen.

Markham House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, GA., July 19, 1876.

Warren H. Henderson, Louisville; C McEwan, Tenn.; E A Copelan, Greensboro; I S Lawrence. Greensboro; W D Tant, Augusta; S B Albert Baltimore, Rev Thos E Skinner, Macon; A C Shaw, Augusta; L W Thomas, Athens; G W Curry, Ga; J Bradfield, city; A H Wisdom, Chattanooga; E S Hill, Ga; H D Ingersoll Ga; W H Golson, Ala; E Schwab, Nashville; J C Binford, Tenn; W L Cash, Columbus; F M Hudson, Ga; L S Brown, Baltimore; J P Simmons, Norcross; E T Verdery, Augusta; J H Morgan, city; C E Caverly, Ga; W O Jones, Ga; Charlie Adams, N C; Al Brook, city; J G Longstreet, Gainesville; W J Walker, Washington; Oscar Thomasson, Madison; R S Greer, H T Garrett, J A Mavernon, J S Roper, F B Brooks, W R Moore, S Limberger, W A Duke, L T Watkins, Columbus; G W Collier, Opelika; G A Moore, Ala; A J Henderson, J D Nipper, Ga; J C Smith, Hogansville; W B Titman, N J.

A Pleasant Home.

Several members of the CONSTITUTION household incidentally "dropped in" yesterday afternoon at the delightful home of Mr. Antony Murphy, just on the outer edge of West End and lying on the Macon and Western railroad. It is a handsome two-story brick residence, fronted by a grass and clover yard dotted with beautiful trees. The yard and orchard embrace some three or four acres, besides the other grounds. With the most convenient arrangements and modern comforts, good stock and best of all an excellent wife and six stout boys and girls, he furnishes an illustration of the happiness that clings to a suburban home.

THE HEALTH LIFT.

A Generous Proposition in Aid of the Benevolent Home.

Physical development by the proper exercise of the muscular powers is as essential to the enjoyment of good health as study is to mental culture.

The inventor of the "Health Lift" understands this law of nature, and has admirably adapted his machine to the wants and weaknesses of humanity.

The National Surgical institute has placed one of these popular machines in a room adjoining their office, and have generously offered to donate to the Benevolent Home all profits arising from its use.

The Home committee propose to allow the public the free and unlimited use of the "Lift," asking only that such persons using it as are disposed to reciprocate the favor, will deposit something in the box. placed in the room to receive "Home" donations.

This is certainly a rare opportunity for our people to avail themselves of this health giving exercise, and at the same time, aid one of the grandest charities ever originated in our city. We hope the "Lift" will be liberally patronized.

The Grasshoppers.

A number of grasshoppers from the infected part of Atlanta can be seen in the CONSTITUTION office. They are all sizes and colors, and are quite a curiosity.

The City Court.

The city court met yesterday morning at 8:30 o'clock, his Honor, Judge R H Clark presiding.

The motion docket was taken up and argument was heard upon motions for new trials in several criminal and civil cases.

About noon court was formally adjourned over to its next regular term commencing on the first Monday in September at nine o'clock, a m.

An Anniversary.

Among the excursionists from Alabama who are now in our city is Prof F J Cowart, editor of the Troy Messenger. He visits us upon the anniversary of the death of his brother, Harrison B Cowart, who was killed in the charge at Peachtree creek, near this city, on the 20th of June, 1864—just twelve years ago to-day. The gallant boy, only 19 years of age, was a private in the 57th Alabama regiment, and was killed upon the field and left there. If his grave is here its place is unknown to his brother or friends

Capt Bailey M Talbot, of Troy, was also killed on the field in the same charge.

These are sad recollections of the dark and bloody season of war and carnage.

—The snakes killed at Mr. Harvill's were high-land moccasins instead of garter snakes, and were killed by Mrs. Tom Harvill—a very plucky lady to undertake such a contract!

—Lime was being freely sprinkled in the gutters and drains in the main portion of the city yesterday. This is a good precaution and should be generally employed.

COMMERCIAL.

ATLANTA COTTON STATEMENT.

ATLANTA, GA., July 19, 1876.

Cotton quiet at 10c for middlings.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Financial.

NEW YORK, July 19.—Money dull at 2@2½.

Sterling weak at 9.

Gold firm at 111⅝.

Governments dull with a better feeling; new fives 117⅜.

State bonds quiet and nominal.

Stocks closed dull but with a better feeling, except Erie, which is weak; Central 105; Erie 14⅞; Lake Shore 53⅜; Illinois Central 92⅞; Pittsburg 94⅞; Northwestern 41⅞; preferred 65⅞; Rock Island 108⅜.

Sub-treasury balances—gold $33,863,780; currency $31,797,950. The sub-treasurer paid out $432,000 on account of interest and for bonds $29,000.

Customs receipts to-day $304,000.

OPENING QUOTATIONS.

NEW YORK, July 19.—Cotton dull and easy; 723 bales; uplands 11⅜; Orleans 11 15-16.

Futures opened easier; July 11 19 32@11 21-32; August 11 19-32@11⅝; September 11⅝@11 17-32; October 11⅜@11 5-16; November 11 3-16@11⅜; December 11 3-16@11⅜.

LIVERPOOL, July 19.—noon.—Cotton easier but not quotably lower; middling uplands 5⅞; middling Orleans 6; sales 7,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 700; American 300; futures dull and easier; middling uplands nothing below low middlings July delivery 5 21-32; August or September delivery 5 11-16; September or October delivery 5⅞; October or November delivery 5 13-16; sales of American to day 3,900 bales.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Cotton.

Consolidated net receipts for four days 4,088

NEW YORK, July 19.—Cotton holders meeting buyers; sales 1,174 bales at 11 11-16@11⅞.

Net receipts 137 bales; gross 1,816.

Futures closed weak; sales 17,000 bales; July 11 21-32@11 11-16; August 11 21-32@11 11-16; September 11 7-16; October 11 11-32@11⅜; November 11⅛@11 9-32; December 11⅛@11 9-32; January 11⅜@11 13-32; February 11 9-16; March 11 23-32@11⅞; April 11⅞@11 29-32; May 12 1-32@12 1-16; June 12 5-32@12 3-16.

NEW ORLEANS, July 19.—Cotton quiet; middlings 11⅛; low middlings 10⅜; good ordinary 9⅛; net receipts 555 bales; gross 779; exports coastwise 477; sales 400.

MOBILE, July 19—Cotton quiet; middlings 10⅞@10⅞; net receipts 16 bales exports coastwise 9; sales 200

SAVANNAH, July 19.—Cotton quiet; middlings 10⅞; net receipts 17 bales; exports coastwise 56; sales 26.

CHARLESTON, July 19—Cotton quiet; middlings 11; net receipts 43 bales; sales 100.

AUGUSTA, July 19.—Cotton in demand for all offerings; middlings 10⅝; net receipts 2 bales; sales 21 bales.

WILMINGTON, July 19—Cotton unchanged; middlings 10⅜; net receipts 5 bales.

NORFOLK, July 19.—Cotton dull; middlings 10⅞; net receipts 92 bales; exports coastwise 10; sales 25.

BALTIMORE, July 19—Cotton dull; middling 11⅛; gross receipts 2 bales; exports coastwise 40; sales 115.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—Cotton unchanged; middlings 11⅝; net receipts 47 bales; gross 48.

BOSTON, July 19—Cotton dull; middlings 12; net receipts 27 bales; gross 54; sales 426.

Provisions, Grain, etc.

NEW YORK, July 19.

Flour in buyer's favor; limited export and home trade demand; superfine western and state $3 00@$3 90; southern flour dull and declining common to fair extra $4 65@$5 75, good to choice do. $5 80@$8 50.

Wheat strongly in buyers' favor; new red Texas $1 05; new amber Delaware $1 25; new amber Tennessee $1 30.

Corn irregular and unsettled; closing a little more steady for strictly prime; graded mixed 52½@53; graded yellow western 56.

Oats, prime firm; fair inquiry; common and inferior dull and declining; mixed western and state 23@28; white western and state 3 @44

Coffee, Rio dull and nominal: cargoes 15@18 gold; job lots 15@19 gold.

Sugar very firm and quiet; fair to good refining 8½@8⅜.

Molasses, refining stock scarce and firm; 36 for test grocery grades.

Rice quiet and steady.

Tallow steady at 8⅜ for prime.

Naval stores steady.

Pork firmer: new mess $20 15.

Lard excited and firmer; prime steam 11 40.

Freights firm; cotton per sail 9-32@5-16; per steam 9-32@5-16.

CHICAGO, July 19.

Flour dull.

Wheat inactive, weak and lower; No 2 Chicago spring 87½@88 spot; 89¼@88⅞ August; No 3 Chicago spring 72@74⅛.

Corn in fair demand and lower; No. 2 mixed 44 spot; 44⅛ bid for August; 44⅞ bid for September.

Oats weak; No. 2 28 spot or August.

Barley nominal.

Bulk Meats easier; shoulders 8½@8¾ spot; clear rib 9⅞@9⅞; clear sides 10⅛.

Whisky $1 10¼.

At the afternoon call of the board, wheat was panicky and lower; August 87⅛; September 91⅛; corn heavy and lower; July 43⅞; oats lower; provisions nominal.

ST. LOUIS, July 19.

Flour, sound medium extra grades in good demand at $4@$4 25: others dull and neglected.

Wheat dull; No. 2 red fall $1 37; No. 3 do. $1 05.

Corn inactive; No. 2 mixed 39⅛.

Rye dull and lower to sell; 56 bid.

Whisky is active at $1 10.

Bulk Meats nominally unchanged; shoulders 8⅞; clear rib sides 10⅜@10⅛; clear sides 10⅞@11.

Bacon quiet; shoulders 9; clear rib sides 11⅛@11⅜; clear sides 11⅜@11⅞.

Hogs strong; bacon 6 6 15@6 30.

CINCINNATI, July 19.

Flour dull and drooping; choice $5 25@$5 50.

Wheat steady; fair demand; new white $1 05@$1 12.

Corn quiet and steady at 47@48.

Oats dull; mixed 25@28.

Rye dull at 60@68.

Pork, some sales at $20 00.

Lard quiet and firm; prime steam 11; kettle held at 12⅜@12⅞.

Bulk meats shoulders 7⅞@8; clear rib sides 10⅛@10⅜; clear sides 10⅞.

Bacon in fair demand and a shade easier; shoulders 9; clear rib sides 11⅛; clear sides 11⅞.

Hogs firm; heavy $6 50@6 65; receipts 1,130; shipments 70.

Whisky steady and in fair demand at $1 10.

PRICES-CURRENT,

WHOLESALE.

(CORRECTED DAILY.)

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., July 19, 1876.

Atlanta Money Market.

GOLD—Buying	110	Selling	
EXCHANGE—Buying at	par	Selling	¼ prem.
BONDS—			
Georgia 6s	97a98	Atlanta City 8s	85a88
Georgia 7s	102a109	Atlanta 10s	105a107
Georgia 7s gold	105a107	Augusta City 7s	83@85
Georgia 8s	102a109	Georgia R. R.	95a
Atlanta Water	78a81	A. & W. P. R. R	98a100
Atlanta City 7s	77a80	Savannah City	82a86
Macon and Brunswick first mortgage, endorsed by the state	80		
STOCKS—			
Georgia Railroad	68a71	A & W. P. R R	73a75
Central Railroad	35a40		

Atlanta Produce Market.

BEEF CATTLE	2@5
EGGS	10
BUTTER—	
Country	12½@18
POULTRY—	
Grown chickens	27
Spring chickens	10@20
Ducks	15
FEATHERS	50@60
BEESWAX	25@27
RAGS	2½@3

Atlanta Grocery Market.

CORN	75
MEAL	75
GRITS	$5 25
WHEAT	$1 20@1 40
WHEAT BRAN	80
BARLEY	none
RYE	90
OATS	55@60
HAY—	
Timothy	$1 10@1 15
Clover	$1 00
Tennessee	$1 00
PEAS	$1 10@1 35
ONIONS	$3 50 bbl
MOLASSES—	
Barrels	28
Tierces	2
Hhds	2
MACKEREL—	
No. 1 half bbls $7 50; kits	$1 75@2 00
No. 2 half bbls $6 50; kits	$1 25@1 40
No. 3 bbls $9 50; half $6 00; kits	$1 15
COFFEE—	
Rio	20½@22½
Java	37½
Old Government Java	33@35
SUGAR—	
A	11⅜
White extra C	11
Yellow	10⅜
New Orleans	8½@10
Demerara	9½@10
FLOUR—	
Fancy	$7 50@8 00
Extra Family	$7 00@7 25
Family	$7 50@8 00
Extra	$6 00
Superfine	$5 50
BACON—	
Clear sides	13½@13⅜
Clear rib sides	13
Shoulders	11
BULK MEATS—	
Clear sides	none
Clear rib sides	11⅜
Long clear sides	11⅜
Shoulders	10
HAMS—	
Sugar-cured	16
Bulk	12½
LARD—	
Tierces	14@15
Kegs and cans	15@16½
Buckets	15@15½

Wines and Liquors.

CORN WHISKY—	
Proof, 100 ℔ cent	$1 45@1 75
80 ℔ cent	$1 30

Miscellaneous.

Lime—35@40; hydr ulic, $1 50.	
Nails—12d, 10d.	$3 50
Leather—	
Hemlock sole, goo damaged	26½@28
Good	28@30
White oak	40@50
Black upper	40@55
Salt—	
Liverpool	$1 60

Dry Goods.

Ticking	6½@20
Stripes	8½
Osnaburgs	10@11
Cambrics	6
Prints	5½@6½
Brown Sheetings	7½@8
Shirtings	6½@7
Bleached sheetings and shirtings	5@13
Domestics—	
4-4	7½@8
7-8	6½@7
3-4	5½
Yarns	95

Fruits and Confectionaries.

Oranges, ℔ box	$5 50@7 00
Lemons, ℔ box	$6 00@9 00
Bananas, ℔ bunch	$1 50@3 00
Apples—Northern	$5 00@6
Pears	$5 00@6
Raisins—	
Layers, whole, per box	$3 00@3 50
Layer, half	$1 75@2 00
Currants—In barrels	10
Citron—Leghorn per ℔	35
Figs—Selected Eleme, drums per ℔	17½
Dates—In frails	10
Prunes, in bbls, ℔ ℔	14@15
NUTS AND ALMONDS—	
Languedoc	25
Taragona	25
Pecan nuts	20
Brazil nuts	12½@15
English Walnuts	20
Filberts	14@15
PEA NUTS—	
Tennessee choice, ℔ bushel	$1 90@2 00
Wilmington, fancy	8@10
TEAS—In 5 ℔ caddies—	
Oolong	$1 00@1 25
Imperial	$1 00@1 25
NINE CRACKERS—	
No. 1 extra, 40 packages ℔ box	$3 5

Tobacco

CHEWING—	
Common, sound, 11-inch new ℔ ℔	45@48
Common, sound, 11-inch old ℔ ℔	47@50
Medium, 11-inch, old	45@60
Good 11-inch old	60@70
Fine 11-inch old	75@85
Bright navys	60@65
Sights 6-inch	60@65
Good	70@75
Fine 12-inch 8s, good	75@90
Jtuits AAAA	$1 10
Brown's Extra, 12-in	$1 10
Log Cabin, 12-inch	$1 10

Local and Business Notices

Important to Persons Visiting New York or the Centennial.

GRAND UNION HOTEL, opposite Grand Central Depot. Baggage taken to and from this depot to Hotel free. 350 elegant rooms. Elevator. European plan Restaurant, supplied with the best. Prices moderate. Cars and stages pass this Hotel for all parts of the city, and to Philadelphia Depot for Centennial. june 9—d3tawtf

White Pine Sashes, Doors and Blinds

JENNINGS & ASHLEY,
31 and 33 Broad street, near the Bridge.
july6—dtf

Ten Cent Column.

Advertisements of "Wanted" "For Sale," "To Rent," "Lost and Found," &c will be inserted in this column at Ten Cents a line, each insertion. All advertisements in this column must be paid for in advance, and none will be taken for less than thirty cents.

REMOVAL—D. F. Holloway has removed his Paint Shop and Office, to Hunter street, just below Chamberlain & Boynton's store, where he will be glad to receive orders for House and Sign Painting of all kinds, Graining, &c. july20—d3t

WANTED—Canvassing Agents for every county in the Southern States, for the Greatest and Most Remarkable Book ever offered the American public. Send for circular R. Nebhut & Co., Publishers, Box 289, Atlanta, Ga. july1—deun-tues&thurs if

NEW YORK BOARDING—33 West 33d Street. Central location. Moderate charges. Superior board. Family and single rooms. july11—d2taw16t

FOR RENT—The Atlanta House, 12 rooms. To a desirable tenant inducements will be offered. Apply to C. C. Hammock, Real Estate Agent. july16—d3t

THE Store on Peachtree street, No. 31 is for rent. Apply to M Wiseberg, in the rear of Sharman & Mangum, or at No 121 Ivy street. july16—d1w

Amusements.

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE.

Friday Evening, July 21, 1876.

THE ATLANTA DRAMATIC ASSOCIATION

Will present Shakespeare's Comedy,

Merchant of Venice.

Admission ......50 cents.

Reserved seats without extra charge, now on sale at Phillips & Crew's.

Ice Water will be furnished.

Doors open 7½. Performance commences 8¼. july16—deun, wed, thur&fr

Jeff Davis House,

By MRS. T. J. S. CLARKE,

NEWNAN ...... GEORGIA,

LARGE rooms for transient and summer visitors. The traveling public would do well to give her house a call. july6—dtf

Parlor Barber Shop.

Hair Cutting ......25 cents.
One Shave ......15 cents.
8 Shaves, One Dollar.

First-Class Barbers Employed.

WM. ALLEN, Proprietor.
july19—d1w No. 6 Marietta street.